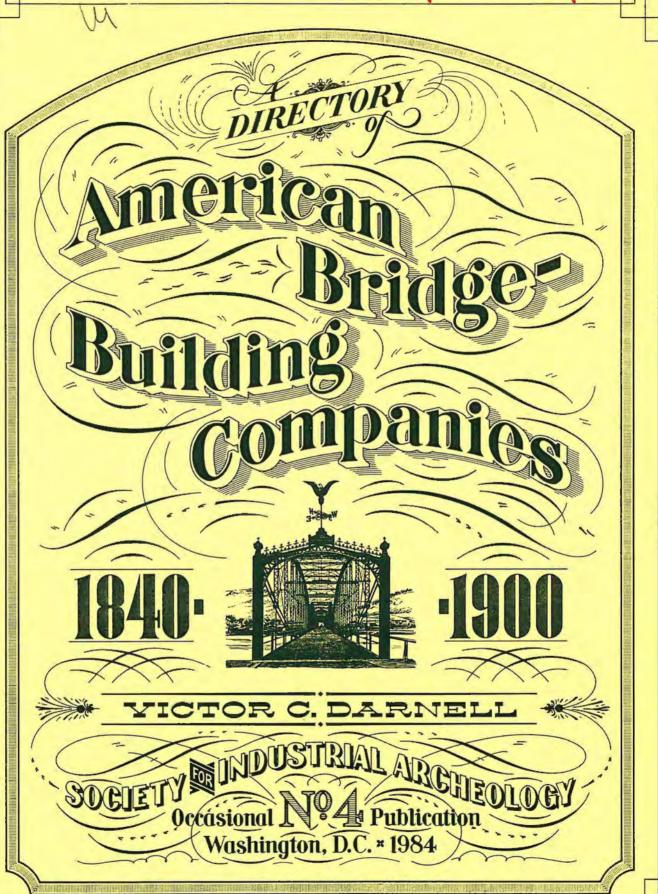
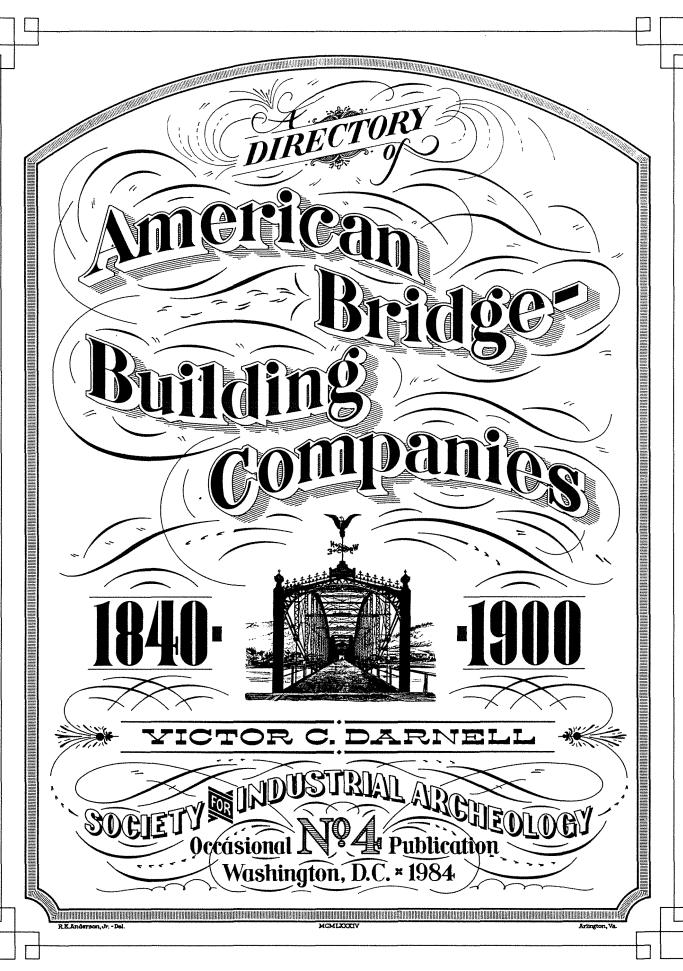
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THE SOCIETY FOR INDUSTRIAL ARCHEOLOGY promotes the study of the physical survivals of our industrial heritage. It encourages and sponsors field investigations, research, recording, and the dissemination and exchange of information on all aspects of industrial archeology through publications, meetings, field trips, and other appropriate means. The SIA also seeks to educate the public, public agencies, and owners of sites on the advantages of preserving, through continued or adaptive use, structures and equipment of significance in the history of technology, engineering, and industry. A membership information brochure and a sample copy of the Society's newsletter are available on request.

Society for Industrial Archeology
Room 5020
National Museum of American History
Smithsonian Institution
Washington, DC 20560

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Cover illustration: 'The above illustration is taken direct from a photograph and shows a square end view of a Parabolic Truss Bridge designed and built by us at Williamsport, Pa. The bridge is built across the Susquehanna River and consists of five spans of 200 ft. each with a roadway 18 ft. wide in the clear. Since the bridge was built a walk has been added on the north side. This is one of the longest iron high way bridges in the State of Pennsylvania and is built after our Patent Parabolic Form.' The bridge was built in 1885 and had a short life, being destroyed by flood in the 1890s. Cut and quote from an advertisement in Electrical World, October 8, 1892. For a detailed history of the Berlin Iron Bridge Company and its products, see 'Lenticular Bridges from East Berlin, Connecticut' by Victor C. Darnell in IA, the journal of the Society for Industrial Archeology, Vol. 5, 1979 and Vol. 7, 1981 (p. 73).

<u>Back cover illustration</u>: the heroic name plaque of Australia's Hawksbury River Bridge (1886-1946), its only surviving fabric. Photograph by D. Fraser, New South Wales.

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FOREWORD

The Society for Industrial Archeology is pleased to publish this valuable guide prepared by one of its members, Victor C. Darnell. Industrial Archeology is the study of the surviving structures and artifacts of the industrial past. Bridges are among the most significant examples of industrial design, yet there has been little previous research on the American bridge builder of the nineteenth century. With the exception of great builders such as the Roeblings, the men who erected the bridges that linked American communities and regions have remained largely unknown. Mr. Darnell's work goes far to remedy the unfortunate neglect of this important part of American social, business, and technological history.

As industrial archeologists, the members of the Society are concerned with the preservation of the physical record of American industrial development, a record which includes the products of our nation's bridge builders. Mr. Darnell's meticulous documentation will provide essential information for surveys of bridges and for historical investigations of particular structures. Knowledge is a powerful weapon in the continuous fight to save threatened but still functional bridges.

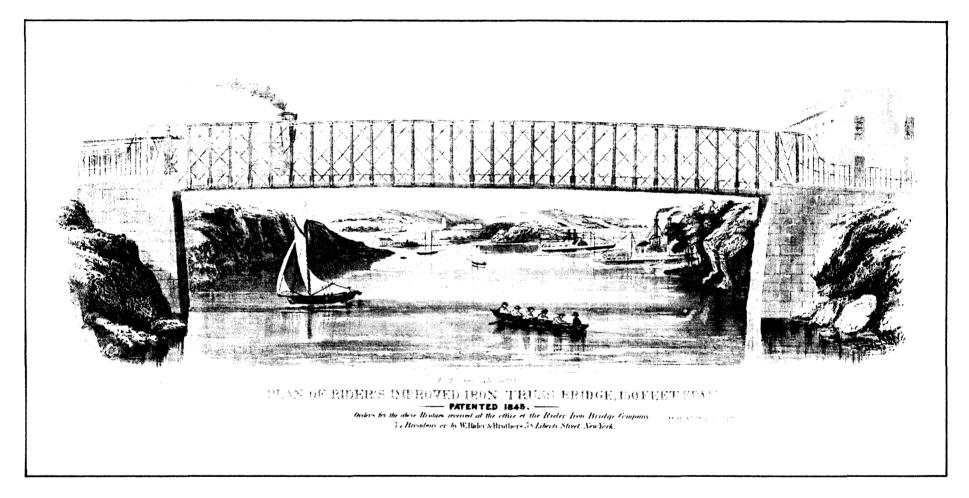
The dissemination of scholarship through publication is one of the services provided by the Society for Industrial Archeology. The Society publishes an annual journal, <u>IA</u>, a quarterly <u>Newsletter</u>, and occasional special publications. Local chapters of this international organization also produce publications of their own. For information about the Society, its activities, and publications please write to SIA, Room 5020, National Museum of American History, Washington, D.C. 20560.

Patrick M. Malone Past President, SIA

THE AUTHOR

Victor Darnell received a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1943 and then spent three years in the U.S. Navy assigned to construction and repair of naval vessels. He then joined the Berlin Construction Company, Berlin, Connecticut, retiring in 1977. For much of that period he was Chief Engineer, responsible for most of the major design projects, and had the opportunity to inspect bridges and work with the erection department.

While active in business he also took part in civic organizations and still is a Trustee of the New Britain Museum of American Art where he had been Chairman for nine years. Since retiring, Darnell has intensified his study of the development of bridges in which he combines an interest in history with the training and experience of a professional engineer and steel fabricator. His article Lenticular Bridges from East Berlin, Connnecticut appeared in IA, the journal of the SIA, and he contributed to Connecticut—An Inventory of Historic Engineering and Industrial Sites.



Flyer for Rider's patented iron bridge, ca. 1846, the first known advertisement by an American bridge company.

INTRODUCTION

Bridge builders seem to have been an anonymous group. Their products are described as finished objects, artifacts of industry and commerce, symbols in our cities and landscapes. The bridges might have appeared without the agency of man. Most studies are directed to the structures - and general histories, descriptive lists of those in a particular area, and in-depth analyses of individual projects. Perhaps this is the result of the nature of the business, for, when the construction was finished, the crews departed for the next job, the equipment was hauled away, and the only reminder of the builder was his nameplate, which often has been removed or destroyed. Perhaps this is why the completed bridges now seem to have appeared overnight. There has been little study of the men, the companies, and the methods of fabrication and erection. This guide is concerned with the organizations that signed the contracts, coordinated all the parts of the job, took the risks, and produced the spans. It is intended to be of assistance to the surveyors of old bridges, to those who study the history of technology, and to the students of nineteenth-century industry.

Until the expansion of the railroads and the introduction of the Howe truss in the early 1840s, timber bridges were constructed by traveling master builders such as Lewis Wernwag and Theodore Burr or by local craftsmen who also erected factories and mills. Most, if not all, of the material was obtained close to the site, and the fabrication was done there. The guide begins at that time, the early 1840s, and ends with the close of the nineteenth century. The Howe truss, with its small but vital amount of iron, began the move to industrialization as firms such as Boody, Stone in Massachusetts and Stone and Boomer in Chicago established shops for fabricating the materials, which were shipped to the erection site. The next step, iron bridges, required foundries and fabricating shops to form, drill, assemble, and rivet the pieces before shipment. This off-site work in turn necessitated designs, drawings, and obtaining the materials from rolling mills and other suppliers. These new activities marked the progression from a craft to an industry. The guide covers the most dynamic period of the industry's history. The changes included the replacement of wood by iron and then the use of steel, development of analytical methods of design, emergence of the independent practice of bridge engineering, the growth of the domestic iron industry, and the evolution of business organizations. This last was climaxed with the formation of American Bridge Company in 1900 with its control of half of the nation's fabricating capacity. With the exception of American Bridge's later acquisitions, no effort has been made to record any activities of the twentieth century.

The Directory shows that there was no single pattern for the companies or the proprietors. Some concerns were stable, continuing operations such as Keystone Bridge, which lasted for thirty years, or Detroit Bridge and Iron, which ran for forty, while others existed only a short time. Some men spent their working careers at one place, and others, as shown in Appendix D, made many moves. There was an equal diversity in operations, with some firms performing all the functions, extending sometimes to the foundations, and others subcontracting much of the work. Some of the companies had their own proprietary designs for bridges. Often the patentee of such a design had formed the company to sell and build his idea of a proper truss. The demands of the expanding economy, the ease of entry into the business, the moving about of managers and engineers with

the resulting diffusion of information, and the greater availability of materials all contributed to the development of the industry and its great diversity.

The data can be used to locate the builder of a particular bridge, to analyse the growth of the industry in terms of number of companies and geographic distribution, and to examine the patterns of company formation, growth, and longevity. It also suggests other questions that could be addressed only in a more complete study. Why did Ohio have such a large number of small to medium size fabricators? Why was New England's capacity so small? How did companies obtain work so far from their shops — Detroit Bridge and Iron built in every state, and Berlin (Connecticut) Iron Bridge Company sent four bridges to Indiana and seven to Texas? Why were branch plants unsuccessful? Zenas King made two attempts, and Union Bridge failed to keep both of its shops operating.

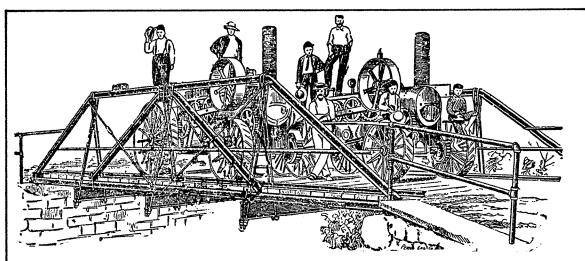
The Directory includes companies that built bridges or advertised to do so, and those concerns that erected at least one major bridge even though, as in the case of John Roach, it was not their usual activity. It also lists, until the mid-1880s, the engineers who advertised as bridge builders, signing contracts for complete projects, making the designs, and subcontracting the actual construction. Some large bridges were built in this manner, but gradually the practice disappeared as the engineering profession developed. Another group is composed of the companies listed in national directories as 'bridge builders'. Undoubtedly this included some that had no shop facilities or built only minor structures and those that did only foundations or masonry, but there is no feasible way of editing those lists at this time. The coverage of the business directories was uneven and seems to have varied with the diligence of their local agents. In some instances well-established companies were omitted and in others it is most doubtful that so many real bridge builders could have existed in the area covered. The American Iron and Steel Association directories of the 1890s were more selective and also provided fabricating capacities. The companies included in the AISA publications are marked with an asterisk (*), and the capacity data are given in Appendix A.

The word 'companies' is used in a broad sense to cover the individuals, partnerships, and incorporated bodies that fall within the scope of this work. When the parent company and the shop bore different names, the one ordinarily used in advertisements and directories has been featured and the other included in the text, and all of the secondary names are included in the index. Occasionally both names were equally prominent -Clarke, Reeves and Company and Phoenixville Bridge Works; A. and P. Roberts Company and Pencoyd Iron Works. In such cases each name has its own directory entry. The index lists all the proprietors and other names mentioned in the directory and those in Appendix D, but, in general, it does not cover the other appendices. Companies that built only for themselves, such as the Pennsylvania, New York Central, and other railroads, are not included. Agents for fabricating companies also are excluded, as are those companies that owned or promoted individual structures (the names of some are misleading). The books by Richard Allen and George Danko include many names that were not listed in national directories. As these men seem to have been on the fringe of the industry, building bridges being only one of several occupations, their names have been omitted; to have included them would give a false impression of the activity in some states.

The dates given for each entry are those of known activity or directory listing. These dates must be taken as only approximations of when the company existed, for the time between gathering data and its publication was at least half a year, and in that period a company could change its name or close. Some firms were listed for several years after they had stopped operating. Definite information is given in the text portion of the entries, and only the positive statements should be considered as describing the company's period. The year 1901 in the date column signifies only that the company was active or was listed in that year. As this study does not extend into the twentieth century, 1901 should not be taken as a terminal date.

The author gratefully acknowledges the assistance of the following people in the preparation of this directory: Richard S. Allen who has provided information over the years and David Simmons for his review and additions to the Ohio section; Nanci Kostrub Batchelor for producing the final copy from the manuscript and Helena Wright for planning the directory's format; Matthew Roth for his encouragement and direction; Richard K. Anderson, Jr., for the layout and design; and Robert M. Vogel for the suggestion that started the project and guiding it into book form, including the selection of illustrations. The author's thanks are also extended to the librarians and archivists who guided him to some of the sources and answered requests for information. Patrick M. Malone was President of the Society when this publication was approved, and the author thanks him for his support and for writing the Foreword. All of those named are members of the Society for Industrial Archeology.

This is a preliminary study and a considerable amount of work remains to be done. The author is, of course, reponsible for errors of fact and interpretation, and he will be grateful for additions and corrections so that a more complete list of the nineteenth-century bridge builders can be made.

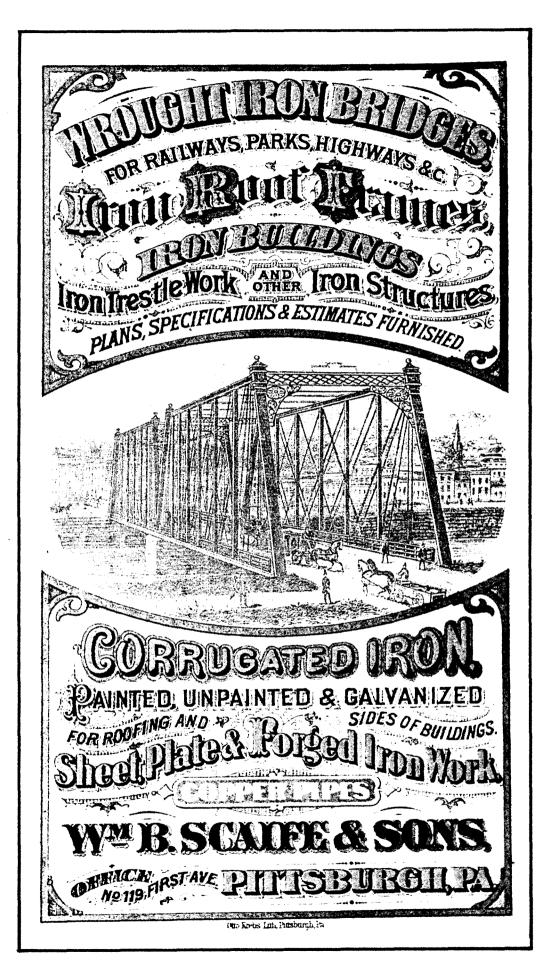


LANE BRIDGE COMPANY,

Hightstown, N. J., February 28, 1894.

Painted Post, N. Y.

Dear Sir—The Forty-one foot span of your patent Railroad Iron Bridge we sold to Mercer and Middlesex counties jointly; was duly erected, and, on the day appointed for the committees to meet and inspect it I had two of my largest traction engines out there and after they had examined it otherwise, I had the two engines run across it side by side to the satisfaction of all present, and, to their astonishment the depression was hardly perceptible even in center of span—and of course the bridge was accepted unanimously.



THE DIRECTORY

ALABAMA	
Birmingham	·
*Alabama Bridge and Boiler Company	1898-1899
Birmingham Bridge Company	1887
Birmingham Bridge and Bolt Works	1896-1898
*Southern Bridge Company	1896-1901
Southern Iron and Steel Works	1901
Watkins and Hardaway	1896-1898
Decatur	
Decatur Bridge and Construction Company In receivership 1888.	1887-1888
Jasper	
Alabama Bridge Company	1896-1898
Marion	
B. Mickle	1896-1898
Mobile	
Thompson and Bailey	1899-1901
Edgar Thompson Foundry Company	1896-1898
CALIFORNIA	
Coronado	
Coronado Foundry and Machine Company	1896-1901
Los Angeles	
Baker Iron Works# Founded 1872.	1872-1901
D.P.N. Little	1896-1901
Llwellyn Iron Works#	1884-1901
Founded 1884.	
Sawyer and Arthur	1899-1901
Union Iron Works#	1884-1901
Founded 1884.	

^{*} See Appendix A, typical throughout Directory # See Appendix C

CALIFORNIA

Oakland	
Cotton Bros. and Company	1899-1901
Johnson and Peterson	1899-1901
San Francisco	
Bay City Iron Works	1899-1901
California Bridge Company	1887-1896
California Bridge and Construction Company	1899-1901
Dundon Bridge and Construction Company	1901
David Finley	1888
Healy, Tibbitts and Company	1899-1901
*Judson Manufacturing Company Office at San Francisco, works at Oakland.	1894-1901
Laydon, Darby and Company	1899-1901
McCann and Sons	1899-1901
B.C. McMahon and Company	1887
Jas. A. McMahon and Company	1899-1901
Pacific Bridge Company	1887-1901
Pacific Construction Company	1901
*Pacific Rolling Mill Company	1894-1898
*Phelps Manufacturing Company AISA Directories for 1896 and 1898 state that plant was idle.	1894
W.R. Richardson	1888
San Francisco Bridge Company	1887-1901



CALIFORNIA

San Francisco (continued) San Francisco Timber Preserving Company	1899–1901
Smith Construction Company	1899
Thomas Bridge Company	1899-1901
Western Bridge Company	1896
COLORADO	
Colorado Springs Atkinson Bros. and Company	1898-1901
Denver Gilbert H. Denton	1896-1898
Hughes and Stewart	1901
Lane Bridge and Iron Works	1896-1898
M.J. Patterson	1898-1901
Vulcan Iron Works	1899-1901
La Junta M.W. Lincoln	1898-1901
Pueblo Bridge Company	1898-1901
CONNECTICUT	
*Berlin Construction Company Formed 1900 by some executives of Berlin Iron Bridge Company when that company was absorbed by American Bridge. Fabricated at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, until 1902 when shop built at Berlin.	1900-1901
*Berlin Iron Bridge Company Started as Corrugated Metal Company which began making roof trusses in mid-1870s and bridges about 1879. Name changed to Berlin Iron Bridge Company in 1883 and acquired by American Bridge Company in 1900.	1883-1900
Bridgeport Miles B. Beardsley	1879-1883
Hartford J. McClay and Son Also bought and sold machinery.	1879-1888

CONNECTICUT

THE CORRUGATED METAL CO.,



Engineers and Contractors for Douglas Patent Wrought Iron Bridge. ROOF TRUSSES, CORRUGATED IRON SHUTTERS, ROOFING, CEILING, SIDING, And General Iron Construction.

THE BERLIN IRON BRIDGE CO.
CHAS. M. JARVIS, VICE-Pres. and Eng. ROBINS FLEMING. Asst. Eng. S C. WILCOX, Pres. WILCOX, Pres. CHAS. M. JARVIS, Vice-Pres. and Eng. ROBINS FLEMING. ASSL. OFFICE AND WORKS, EAST BERLIN, CONN.



Double-Track Railroad Bridge on N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., at Riverside, Conn.

Iron Bridges, Iron Roofs covered with Slate or Corrugated Iron.

HEAVY PLATE CIRDERS.

Iron Buildings and Sheds. Iron Fire-Proof Doors and Shutters.

Proof Buildings. Chord Bars. Heavy Forgings. Corrugated

Iron. General Wrought Iron Construction.

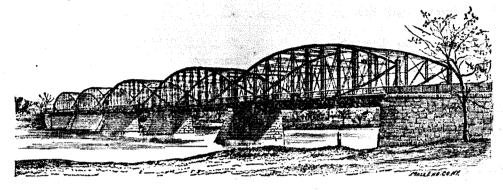


Ca. 1883

THE BERLIN PRON BRIDGE CO.,

EAST BERLIN, CONN.

__BINGHAMTON, N. Y.



IRON * HIGHWAY * BRIDGES.

Ca. 1886



The Berlin Iron Bridge Company,

OFFICE AND WORKS, EAST BERLIN, CONN.

Bridge over the Naugatuck River between Shelton and Birmingham (Derby), Connecticut.

CONNECTICUT

New Haven	
J.B. Buddington	1892-1901
R. Redfield and Sons	1883-1898
C.R. Waterhouse and Son	1883-1885
Yale Manufacturing Company Succeeded by Yale Safe and Iron Company	1883
Yale Safe and Iron Company	1891-1901
DEI AWADE	

DELAWARE

Wilmington

Delaware Construction Company

1891-1901

*Edge Moor Iron Company

1873-1900

Also did business as Edge Moor Bridge Company. Started bridge fabrication in 1873, but iron works began earlier. Acquired by American Bridge Company in 1900.

EDGE MOOR IRON CO.

MANUFACTURE

RAILWAY BRIDGES, VIADUCTS AND ROOF WORK

IN IRON AND STEEL,

and offer as Specialties in their construction

HYDRAULIC FORCED EYE BARS.

HYDRAULIC FORGINGS and HYDRAULIC RIVETED WORK.

WROUGHT IRON TURN-TABLES, IMPROVED SLEEVE NUTS.

GALLOWAY BOILERS, { Sole Licensee and Manufacturer for the United States as Improved under the 1876 Patent.

Specifications from Railroad Companies, Engineers and Contractors solicited, upon which estimates will be promptly furnished.

WM. SELLERS, Prest.

JOHN SELLERS, Jr., V. Pres.
ELI GARRETT, Treas.
GEO. H. SELLERS, Gen. Supt.

Main Office and Works at Edge Moor on the Delaware River.
Post Office, WILMINGTON, Del.
Post Office, WILMINGTON, Del.
Philadelphia Office:
1660 HAMILTON ST.
New York Office:
79 LIBERTY STREET.

FLORIDA

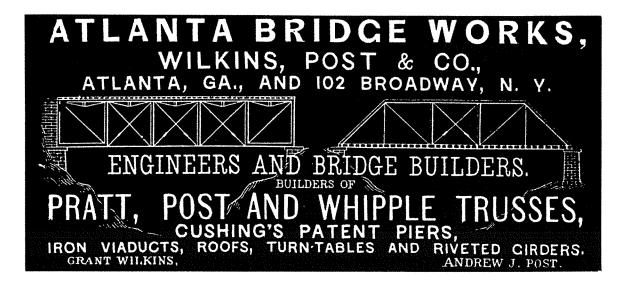
GEORGIA

Atlanta

Atlanta Bridge Works

1880-1887

Wilkins, Post and Company, proprietors. Grant Wilkins in Atlanta and Andrew Post, engineer, in New York.



Atlanta Bridge and Axle Company Grant Wilkins secretary and engineer in early listings.

1888-1896

Gude and Walker

1898-1901

Grant Wilkins

1896-1901

ILLINOIS

Blooming ton

Willard A. Gray

1899

Chicago

American Bridge Company∫

1870-1878

Organized 1870. Entered bankruptcy in 1878 and reopened as Rust and Coolidge.

*American Bridge Works

1891-1900

Started 1891 and purchased by American

Bridge Company in 1900.

1896-1901

Austin Bridge Company

Sometimes listed 'F.C. Austin

Manufacturing Company (Tubular Truss)'.

 [∫] See Appendix B

Railroad and Highway Bridge across the Missouri River at Leavenworth, Kan.



Substructure: Pneumatic Iron Piers.

Superstructure: Post's Patent Diagonal Iron Truss.

BUILT (1872) BY

The American Bridge Co., Chicago.

High Bridge, 340 feet Spans.

POINT BRIDGE, AT PITTSBURGH, PENN.

SUSPENSION BRIDGE (stiffened chain) crossing mouth of Monongahela River, in process of construction, 1876. Length of Main Span, 800 feet. Height, from bed of River to top of Iron Suspension Towers, 210 feet.

THE AMERICAN BRIDGE COMPANY, Designers and Builders,

Office: No. 210 La Salle Street, cor. Adams. Works: Cor. Egan and Stewart Aves.,

9

CHICAGO.

New York Office: No. 20 Nassau Street. Address, The American Bridge Co., Chicago.

Builders of Omaha Bridge, Atchison Missouri Bridge, Leavenworth Bridge, Boon- haver Bridges.

CONSTRUCTED AND UNDER CONTRACT.

dson River Bridge, at Poughkeepsie; CumberRiver, &c., Cin. So. Ry.; Fall River Bridge, O. C.,

.Co.; New York Elevated Ry., Ninth Ave., N. Y.

Manufacturers and Builders of BRIDGES, ROOFS, TURNING-TABLES, PIVOT BRIDGES, IRON TRESTLES, WROUGHT IRON COLUMNS, HEAVY CASTINGS, GENERAL IRON and FOUNDRY WORK, Builders of PNEUMATIC, MASONRY and SCREW-PILE SUB-STRUCTURES.

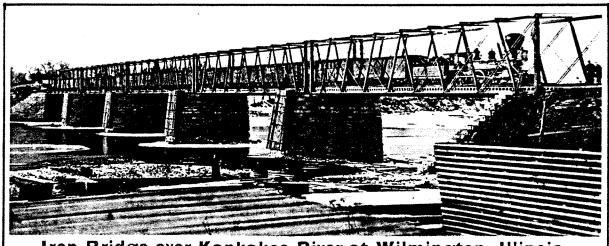
Iron Bridges and Roofs, upon the Principal Railroads in the U. S. illustrate designs and attest the character and extent of products of Works.

A. B. STONE, No. 20 Nassau St. New York, President.

B. A. BUST, Vice Pres't and Gen'l Manager.

Proposals, accompanied by Plans, Specifications and Lithographs, promptly submitted on application.

EDWAED HEMBERLE, W. G. COOLIDGE, Sec'y, Engineers.



Iron Bridge over Kankakee River at Wilmington, Illinois, CHICAGO & ALTON RAIL ROAD.

L. B. BOOMER, Builder.

S. S. POST, Inventor.

Chicago (continued)

Lucius B. Boomer

Entered the business in this area about 1849 and was connected with the following sequence of businesses:

Boomer (L.B.) and Company

1849-1851

Stone and Boomer

1851-1857

Boomer Bridge Works

1857-1870

with interruption for Boomer, Boyington and Company before 1868.

(with American Bridge Company)

1870-c1876

L.B. Boomer and Company

1879

L. B. BOOMER. President, | Es

| Established A. D. 1849. |

W. B. BOOMER, Sec. and Treas.

L.B. BOOMER & CO.,

Bridges, Roofs, Turntables & Substructures

Office: Howland Block, Chicago, 184 Dearborn Street.

Boyington and Rust∫

1870

F.E. Canda

1870-1879

N. Chapin and Company

1860

Chapin and Wells

1867-1870

Exhibited at Paris Universal Exposition in 1867. Wells became partner in Wells, French and Company according to an 1871 directory.

 [∫] See Appendix B

ILLINOIS

Chicago (continued)	
*Chicago Bridge and Iron Company Formed 1889 by Horace E. Horton who had directed a company at Rochester, Minnesota.	1889-1901
Chicago Forge and Bolt Company f For brief period added bridges to other lines.	1885-1891
Chicago Timber and Bridge Company	1879
W.G. Coolidge and Company∫	1887-1889
Eureka Bridge and Iron Company	1876
Gagnier-Griffin Suspended Railway Company	1896
A. Gottlieb and Company	1887-1891
Hansell-Elcock Company	1901
H.M.R. Construction Company	1898
Illinois Bridge Company	1901
T.A. Kearns Company	1901
Kelly and Atkinson	1898
*Kenwood Bridge Company	1891-1901
William E. Lamon	1896
*Lane Bridge and Iron Works P.E. Lane proprietor. Sometimes listed as P.E. Lane Bridge Company.	1886-1896
Moritz Lassig∫ Formed partnership with Alden in 1881.	1871-1881
Lassig and Alden Bridge and Iron Works When Lassig formed the partnership with John Alden 1 July 1881, his Chicago plant was renamed. They also leased and later bought the shop of Leighton Bridge at Rochester, New York. Partnership ended January 1886, and Lassig regained the Chicago operation which he renamed Lassig Bridge and Iron Works.	1881-1886
*Lassig Bridge and Iron Works See Lassig and Alden for background. Acquired by American Bridge Company 1900.	1886-1900
MacDonald and Onderdonk	1898

∫ See Appendix B

ILLINOIS

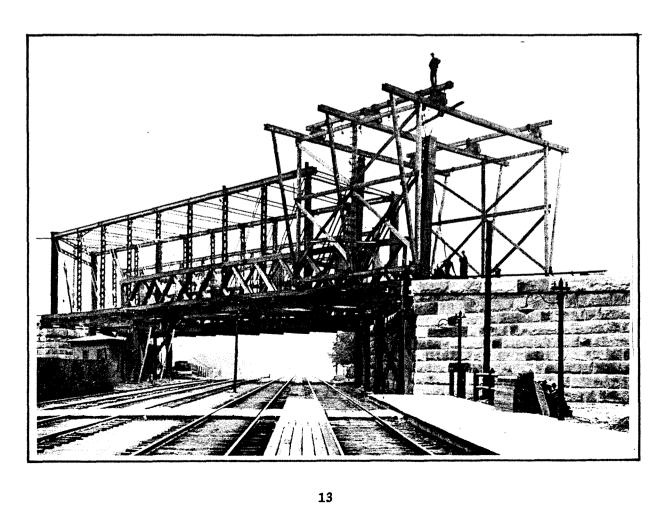
Chicago (continued)

F.J. McCain Company	1896
W. Morava	1898-1901
Morris Construction Company	1898
Pittsburgh Construction Company	1896-1898
Rapid Transit and Bridge Construction Company	1891
Warren Roberts Company	1899-1901
Rust and Alden Lassig's former partner?	1888
Rust and Coolidge	1878-1885
Scherzer Rolling Lift Bridge Company	1898-1901
Shailer and Schniglau	1889-1901
Edward Skelsey	1896
Stone and Boomer See Lucius B. Boomer entry.	1851-1857
C.L. Strobel	1896-1901
William E. Traver	1899-1901
William Tweeddale 'Bridge Engineer and Contractor'	1860
*Universal Construction Company	1898-1899
Vulcan Iron Works	1887
Thomas Walker	1899-1901
Wells, French and Company Wells had been with Chapin and Wells earlier. Sometimes listed as Wells and French Company. 1887 directory listed under 'car builders'.	1871-1883
*Western Bridge Company	1899-1901
R.D. Wheaton Bridge Company	1890-1899
Albert H. Wolf	1888-1901

f See Appendix B

ILLINOIS

Jacksonville	
Eli Bridge Company Despite the name, the principal and perhaps only product has been Ferris wheels for carnivals and amusement parks. Included because of name. Started 1900.	1900-1901
Joliet	
*Joliet Bridge and Iron Company	1898-1901
New Albany	
Ohio Falls Iron Works	1887
Peoria	
Joseph Cody and Son	1899-1901
*A. Lucas and Sons	1899-1901
Princeton	
McManis and Son	1899-1901
Springfield	
*Springfield Bridge and Iron Company	1899-1901
Sullivan	
*Illinois Bridge and Iron Company	1901



INDI ANA

INDIANA	
Attica *Attica Bridge Company	1896-1901
Evansville Crisle and Conkey	1896-1898
Fort Wayne H.W. Tapp	1896-1898
Western Bridge Works	1879
Frankfort Dunn and Goar	1901
Jno. Ross	1901
Indianapolis J.D. Adams and Company Two years later listed as proprietor of Indianapolis Bridge and Iron Works.	1896
B.L. Blair and Company	1899–1901
C.F. Hunt Company	1896-1901
Indianapolis Bridge Company	1873-1876
*Indianapolis Bridge and Iron Works J.D. Adams and Company proprietors in 1898.	1898-1901
Indianapolis Switch and Frog Company	1898-1899
Parkhurst Brothers and Company	1901
Lafayette *Lafayette Bridge Company Acquired by American Bridge Company 1900.	1889–1900
Muncie *Indiana Bridge Company	1887-1901
New Castle *New Castle Bridge Company	1900-1901
Rochester Bridge Company	1898-1901
Rockville Joseph J. Daniels Before moving from Ohio he built two wooden bridges in Indiana in 1850 and 1853.	1861-1901

INDI ANA

Rushville Archibald McM. Kennedy Built wood bridges from 1870 to 1883. After a few years was joined by sons Emmett and Charles. The former continued to build bridges after the latter went into other work.	·
A.M. Kennedy	1870-c1873
A.M. Kennedy and Sons	c1873-1883
Kenne dy Brothers	1883-1885
Emmett Kennedy	1885-1892
Terre Haute *Thatcher A. Parker	1899–1901
*Terre Haute Bridge Company	1898
Wabash *Wabash Bridge and Iron Company	1896-1901
IOWA	
Audubon John Ward	1899–1901
Cedar Rapids T.J. Duncan	1901
B.F. Parks 1901 Directory listed as B.F. Parks and Son.	1899–1901
Wardie and Yeager	1901
Clinton	
Clinton Bridge Company Advertisements from 1879 to 1882 stated Clinton shop was called Union Iron Works and built wood trusses and their Cleveland, Ohio shop, Novelty Iron Works, built iron trusses. Perhaps product of Clinton shop had changed if Cleveland was added facility.	1876-1886
*Clinton Bridge and Iron Works	1894-1901
Council Bluffs C.E.H. Campbell	1898-1901
Raymond and Campbell	1876-1886
George C. Wise and Company	1898-1901
Des Moines *Des Moines Bridge and Iron Works	1901
Des Moines Manufacturing and Supply Company	1899-1901

IOWA

Des Moines (continued)	
George E. King Bridge Company	1891-1901
S.G. Magden	1901
J.B. Marsh	1899-1901
J.R. Sheely and Company 'Iron, wood and combination'	1899-1901
N.M. Stalk and Company	1898-1901
Dubuque Dunleith and Dubuque Bridge Company	1896-1901
Novelty Iron Works	1896-1901
Fort Madison Santa Fe Bridge Company	1901
Keokuk J.B. Diver and Company	1887-1901
Manchester D.H. Young	1896-1901
Marshalltown *Marshalltown Bridge and Iron Works Also appears as Marshalltown Bridge and Boiler Shops, A.E. Shorthill proprietor.	1896-1901
Monroe Burchinal and Hurtzog	1899–1901
North English	1077 1701
W.H. Roller and Company	1899-1901
Oskaloosa Seevers Manufacturing Company Also listed as Seesero Manufacturing Company.	1899-1901
Ottumwa *Fair-Williams Bridge and Manufacturing Company	1894–1901
Sigourney R. Blaise	1899-1901
Storm and Parker	1899-1901
Sioux City Goodrich and Robson	1896-1899
Haley Foundry and Machine Works	1896-1899
J.A. Robson	1901

Wankon

J.G. Radcliffe

1899-1901

Webster City

John Quackenbush

1899-1901

KANSAS

Humboldt

Humboldt Brick Manufacturing Company

1899-1901

Iola

King Wrought Iron Bridge Manufactory and Iron Works
Formed 1871 by Zenas King of Cleveland,
Ohio, and operated in a plant partly
financed by the town. The shop closed after
one year when King formed another company
at Topeka, Kansas. George King, later at
Des Moines, Iowa, and E.I. Farnsworth,
later at Kansas City, Missouri, were agent
and engineer respectively.

1871-1872



Leavenworth

*Missouri Valley Bridge and Iron Works
Insley, Shire and Tullock proprietors in
1884 listing. A.J. Tullock sole proprietor
in 1890.

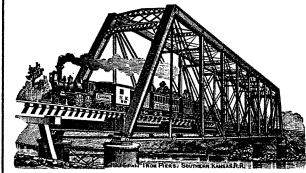
1876-1901

A.J. Tullock

1896-1901

KANSAS





LEAVENWORTH, KAN.

M. H. INSLEY, A. J. TULLOCK, Eng.&Supt D. SHIRE.

MANUFACTURERS AND BUILD ERS OF

Wrought Iron, Steel, Howe Truss and Combination Bridges, Turn Tables, Draw Spans, Roof Trusses, Piers, Substructures, Foundations, Etc., Etc.

Topeka

King Wrought Iron Bridge Manufactory and Iron Works of Topeka

Formed 1872 by Zenas King. As was the case at Iola, the plant was partly financed by the municipality and closed after a year.

1872-1873

KENTUCKY

Covington

Licking Iron Works

1887

Frankfort

Mason, Gooch and Hoge Company
'Railroad contractors and bridge builders'

1887

Louisville

*Louisville Bridge and Iron Company

1868-1901

LOUISVILLE BRIDGE & IRON COMPANY

OFFICE AND WORKS: CORNER OLDHAM AND 11TH STS., LOUISVILLE.



TRIANGULAR, WHIPPLE AND FINK TRUSSES.

and other forms of Iron and Combination Bridges. Also Manufacturers of Iron Roofs, Turn-Tables, Frogs, Switches, etc

F. W. VAUGHAN, President. A. P. COCHRAN, Secretary. GILMAN TRAFTON, Engin'r. F. H. VAUGHAN, Treasurer.

Richmond

Shanahan and Company

1896-1901

LOUISIANA

New Iberia

Guilfoux and Blanc

1899-1901

MAINE

Bangor

Penobscot River Steam Boiler Works

1896-1901

Portland

W.F. Bennett and Company

1901

MARYLAND

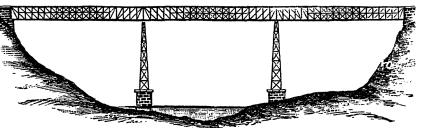
Baltimore

Baltimore Bridge Company

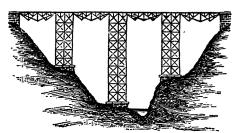
1869-1880

Incorporated 1869 as successor to Smith, Latrobe and Company; Charles Shaler Smith, President and Chief Engineer, Charles H. Latrobe, Secretary and Assoc. Engineer

Baltimore Bridge Company.



KENTUCKY RIVER BRIDGE.



VARRUGAS VIADUCT.

REFER TO FOLLOWING STRUCTURES.

"ST. CHARLES BRIDGE," containing 4 spans, 304 feet each, deck Fink trues, 3 spans, 321 feet each, through Trellis, and 4,500 feet of iron approach viaduct, over Missouri River, on line of St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railroad. Total length of iron work, 6,680 feet.

"HIGH BRIDGE," containing 21 spans, 112 feet each, deck Fink truss, over Appointtox River, Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad.

"ROCK ISLAND BRIDGE," containing double deck Whipple truss pivot span 366 feet, 2 fixed spans 238 feet each, 3 of 220 feet, and 2 single deck spans, 95 and 190 feet, over Mississippi River, built for United States Government.

"VARRUGAS VIADUCT," containing 4 deck Fink spans 100 to 125 feet each, and 3 iron piers 152 feet, 177 feet, and 252 feet high each, on line of Lima and Oroyo Railroad in Peru, Sonth America. Also, "AREQUIPA VIADUCT," 1,500 feet long on same line.

5 SPANS 255 feet each, through Whipple truss, over Susquehanna River, at Havre-de-Grace, on line of Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad.

"RENTUCKY RIVER BRIDGE," containing 3 spans 875 feet each, and 2 iron and stone plers, making, with trusses, a total height of 276 feet above water, on line of Cincinnati Southern Rellegal

A GENERAL TOTAL, including the above, of over thirteen miles of bridges, together with many other works, such as Roofs, Depots, Foundations, Round Houses, Piers, &c., making a cost aggregate of over FIVE MILLION DOLLARS.

C. SHALER SMITH, C. E.,

FRED. H'Y SMITH, C. E.,

No. 215 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

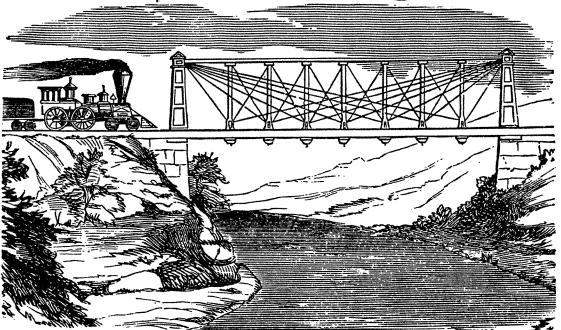
No. 13 German St., Baltimore, Md.

WENDEL BOLLMAN.

J. H. TEGMEYER.

JAMES CLARK.

ailroad



The undersigned are prepared to execute orders for Bollman's Patent Iron Railroad Bridge, and to furnish Drawings, Estimates, &c., &c., for

BRIDGES, ROOFS, ENGINE HOUSES, MACHINE SHOPS, &c.

Or to contract for the erection of the same, in any part of the United States or abroad, with promptness and upon satisfactory terms. Address

W. BOLLMAN & CO., Baltimore, Md.

Among other references, may be named the following gentlemen:— WM. PARKER, Esq., Civil Engineer, Boston.
WM. J. McALPINE, Esq., Civil Engineer, Albany, N. Y.
ISAAC R. TRIMBLE, Esq., Civil Engineer, Baltimore.
CAPT. M. C. MEIGS, U. S. Engineer Corps, Washington.
Col. CROZET, Civil Engineer, Washington.
HERMAN HAUPT, Esq., Civil Engineer, Philadelphia.

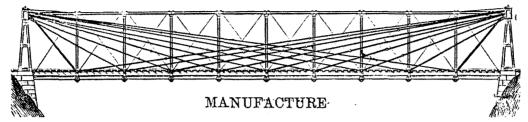
MARYLAND

Baltimore (continued)	
Bartlett, Hayward and Company	1896-1901
W. Bollman and Company Formed 1858 by Wendel Bollman, John H. Tegmeyer and John Clark. Ceased operating from 1861 to 1863 because of Civil War and may have been dissolved. Bollman later formed Patapsco Bridge. Also see Tegmeyer entry below.	1858-c1863
Campbell and Zell Company Listed as proprietors of Enterprise Iron Works in one 1896 Directory but appears without mention of Enterprise elsewhere. (Principally boilermakers.)	1896-1899
J.G. Clarke and Company 'Engineersdesign and construct bridges, etc.'	1879
Clarke Bridge Company Same address as J.G. Clarke and Company.	1881-1883
A. and W. Denmead and Sons Also known as Monumental Foundry. Produced locomotives, cars, engines and an unknown quantity of bridges. Bridge building activity seems to have been in the 1850s.	
*Enterprise Iron Works Campbell and Zell proprietors.	1896
Murray and Hazelhurst Established c1845 and operated until 1869, although much smaller after 1857 panic. Advertised iron bridges 1857. Called shop Vulcan Works. Built locomotives, cars and engines.	
Patapsco Bridge and Iron Works Organized by Wendel Bollman and ended with his death.	c1865-1884
Smith, Latrobe and Company Organized 1866 and became Baltimore Bridge Company in 1869.	1866-1869
*Structural Iron Company	1898-1901
John H. Tegmeyer Advertised 1855 'prepared to furnish drawings and estimates for bridgeson the plan of Bollman's Patent.' Engineer, promoter or bridge builder? One of the founders of W. Bollman and Company 1858.	1855-1858

PATAPSCO BRIDGE AND IRON WORKS,

WENDELL BOLLMAN, PROPRIETOR,

The only Establishment in Baltimore Manufacturing its own Bridges,



BOLLMAN'S PATENT SUSPENSION TRUSS.

And other forms of Iron and Combination Bridges, Roofs, Iron Fronts and every description of Cast and Wrought Iron Work for Buildings and Railroad construction.

PNEUMATIC PILE.

Having on hand all the necessary appliances for sinking the same, we would call especial attention to our great facilities for executing this branch of work.

THIEMEYER'S PATENT SWITCHES.

Eight-Inch Cast Iron Revolving Station Water Column, Which will fill locomotive tanks in about one minute, and such as used on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

MARINE WORK IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

The most improved designs and thorough execution guaranteed in the construction of all classes of work.

OFFICE, No. 8 S. Gay St., Baltimore,

WORKS, Canton, Baltimore.

Frederick

Potomac Bridge Works

1896-1898

Sparrows Point

*Maryland Steel Company

1896-1901

Construction of steel mill started 1887, but bridge fabrication began later.

MASSACHUSETTS

Boston

D.H. Andrews
Works at Cambridgeport. Followed by

1877-1878

Boston Bridge Works.

*Boston Bridge Works
D.H. Andrews founder and proprietor.

1879-1901

Boston Steel and Iron Company

1901

G.H. Cavanaugh

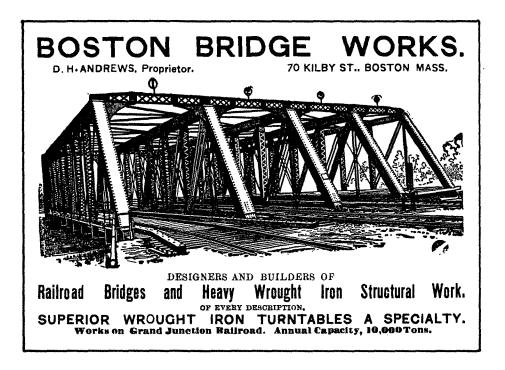
1885-1888

D.F. Gallagher

1885

Garrett-Ford Company

1896-1899



Boston (continued)	
Harrington Robinson Company	1899–1901
J. Harris	1885-1888
Moseley Iron Building Works Organized 1861 and had own rolling mill in 1864. Followed by New England Iron Company 1871. Thomas W.H. Mosley.	1861-1871
National Bridge and Iron Works Established 1868. Blodgett and Curry proprietors and Charles H. Parker, engineer. Built Parker's 'Patent Arched Cantilever bridges'.	1868-1875
New England Iron Company Successor to Moseley Iron Building Works.	1871
J.P. Perkins and Son	1885-1888
Cambridge C.W. and F. Smith Iron Company	1896-1901
Chelsea Montgomery and Howard	1879–1885
East Everett *New England Structural Company	1898-1901
Norton Iron Company	1896-1898

PARKER'S PATENT WROUGHT-IRON TRUSS BRIDG



DEPTH OF TRUSS AT CENTRE, 10 FEET.
" " " CORNERS, 5 "
LENGTH OF PANELS, 9 FT. 5 IN.

DEFLECTION AT CENTRE, 15-16 IN.

QUARTER, 7-16 "

Returned to original camber after removal of load."

National Bridge and Iron Works, BLODGETT & CURRY, PROPRIETORS.

No. 15 STATE STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Contractors for Building and Erecting Wrought-Iron Railway and Highway Bridges and Roof Trusses.

CHAS. H. PARKER, Consulting Engineer.

A. W. PARKER, Supt. of Works.

THE PARKER TRUSS WROUGHT-IRON RAILWAY BRIDGE, shown on the opposite side of this Card, was built and erected for the Vermont Central Railway Co., within four weeks after the burning of a wooden structure. It is situated on the main line, near Montpelier, Vt. It is 104 ft. 6 in. long, and is made to our standard for a single track, having an ultimate strength of six tons to the lineal foot of span, besides six times its own weight. The Bridge was tested Dec. 2, 1870, as shown, in the presence and under the direction of Hon. J. Gregory Smith, President, G. Merrill, Esq., General Superintendent, and other Railway officials, with three freight engines, showing results stated underneath,

Advertising photograph, front and rear. Enlarged.

East Windsor

Charles H. Ball
Apparently built only his patented truss.

c1888-1896

Fall River		
New England Engineering Company	1898	
Joseph C. Terry	1898-1901	
Fitchburg Works and Briggs	1899-1901	
Lowell Dobbins, Richard	1898-1901	
Medford W.G. Mayo	1879-1885	
Northborough A.W. Colburn and Company	1888	
Palmer Flynt Building and Construction Company Location also given as Monson in some early Directories, with name as W.N. Flynt and Company.	18791898	
Pittsfield H.S. Russell Listed as a bridge builder in Directories, but 1890 write-up described products as boilers, tanks and other plate work.	1883-1901	
Somerville John Butler	1885	
Springfield		
◆ These eleven builders formed an unbroken chain, so they are listed in <u>chronological order</u> . Some dates may be in error by a year.		
William Howe Inventor of the Howe truss. His brother-in-law Amasa Stone, Jr., was associated with him on some projects.	1838-1846	
Boody, Stone and Company Azariah Boody and Amasa Stone, Jr.	c1841-1846	
Boody, Stone and Harris Daniel Harris joined partnership.	1846-1848	
Stone and Harris Boody withdrew and later moved to Midwest. Stone moved to Cleveland in 1850, but the name was not changed for some time.	1848-1859	

Springfield (continued)	
Harris, Briggs and Company Daniel Harris and Albert D. Briggs. Briggs had been employed by Boody, Stone and Company and later directed his own company.	1859-1864
D.L. Harris and Company	1864-1867
Harris and Hawkins Richard F. Hawkins first worked for Harris in 1853, and later married niece of William Howe.	1867-1868
Hawkins, Herthal and Burrall W.H. Burrall first appeared as an employee of D.L. Harris and Company in 1864. Herthal was a St. Louis, Missouri, inventor and engineer, and the firm advertised his patent bridges.	1868-1871
Hawkins and Burrall	1871-1877
*R.F. Hawkins Iron Works	1877-1901
Harris and Wright Harris died 11 July 1879. Dates indefinate.	1868-1875
Agawam Foundry Harris and Birnie proprietors. Started 1854 'for general work, with special reference to railroad bridge and machinery castings'	1854
A.D. Briggs and Company First listed 1868, but may have been started earlier while he was mayor of Springfield. 'Builders of Truesdell's Patent Truss Bridge.' Beginning in 1870 J.R. Smith was listed in advertising. Briggs died 20 February 1881.	c1868-1881
Dwight and Hoyt	1879-1883
New England Engineering	1891
John R. Smith Previously with A.D. Briggs	1881-1888
*Springfield Construction Company	1898-1901
Springfield Iron Works	1891-1901
Worcester	
*Eastern Bridge and Structural Company	1901

MICHIGAN

Detroit

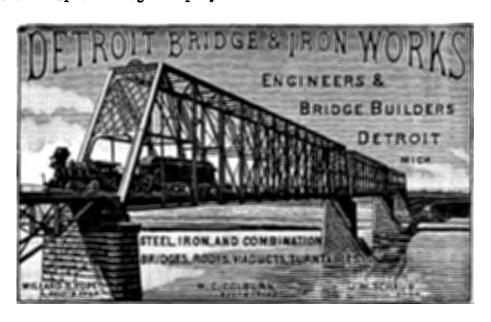
*Detroit Bridge and Iron Works

1863-1901

Established 1863 and absorbed by American Bridge Company 1902. Built a bridge in California in 1876 and claimed 'to have a bridge of their manufacture in every state of the union'. Successor to Charles Kellogg and Company.



	Augustus J. Dupuis		1889-1901
	William J. Frasier		1901
	M.J. Griffin		1901
	Charles Kellogg and	Company	1857-1863
	Michigan Bridge and	Construction Company	1871-1872
Grand	Rapids Grand Rapids Bridge	Company	1901



MISSOURI

Kansas City Farnsworth and Blodgett Farnsworth had been with King Bridge, Iola, Kansas.	1896-1901
Freygang and Trocon	1901
J.W. Hoover	1899-1901
Kansas City Bridge and Iron Company	1878-1901
McGee, Kohlmann and Company	1899-1901
Lamar Iron Works	1896-1899
St. Joseph Lee Hill	1898
H.C. Hodges	1898-1899
H.J. Mayer	1898-1901
St. Joseph Bridge and Boiler Works	1896
*St. Joseph Bridge and Iron Company	1894-1898
St. Louis Abbott-Gamble Contracting Company	1896-1901
M.S. Cartter and Company 'Engineers, Bridge Builders, and Contractors' Received bridge patents in 1870 and 1872.	1882-1899

M. S. CARTTER.

A. W. HUBBARD, Eng'r.

W. S. CARTTER.

W. S. CARTTER.

Engineers, Bridge Builders and Contractors,

Boom 31, Singer Building. St. Louis, Mo.

IRON, COMBINATION, HOWE TRUSS BRIDGES, IRON TRESTLES, TURN-TABLES, ROOFS,

Iron Substructures and Foundations.

Central Bridge Company	1901
Jno. T. Garrett	1901
James Gates	1878
Geisel Construction Company	1899-1901
Heman Construction Company	1896-1899
H.S. Hopkins and Company	1877

MISSOURI

St. Louis (continued)

Hopkins Bridge Construction Company

1888

Hopkins Construction Company

1896

*Koken Iron Works

1893-1901

Predecessors Koken, Graydon and Company (1880-1888) and Scheope-Koken Architectural Iron Company (1888-1893), may have done no bridge work. Acquired by American Bridge Company between 1912 and 1916.

KOKEN IRON WORKS, 60th Floor St. Louis, Mo.

(Largest in the Southwest)

Bridges—All Classes. Buildings and General Structural Work, Cast Iron Columns and Heavy Castings.

... ANNUAL CAPACITY, 16,000 TONS.

R.L. Miller 1888 1896-1898 Charles F. Muler 1901 Northwestern Iron Works 1899-1901 R.H. Phillips St. Louis Bridge Company 1882-1898 Advertisements of 1882 to 1884 listed C.S. Smith as consulting engineer and displayed the Kentucky River bridge that he had designed while president of Baltimore Bridge Company. 1896-1901 St. Louis Bridge and Iron Company 1879 H.W. Sebastian and Company Charles Shaler Smith Advertised as 'Designer and Builder of Bridges' in 1881 and from 1884 to 1886. In between he was mentioned in St. Louis Bridge Company advertisements. Smith moved to Missouri in 1868 to supervise construction of the St. Charles bridge and stayed there while serving as president and chief engineer of Baltimore Bridge Company.

1894-1901

MONTANA

MONTANA	***************************************
Bozeman F.W. Vreeland	1899-1901
Butte Perham Brothers	1899-1901
Thompson and Company	1899-1901
Great Falls M.S. Parker	1899–1901
Missoula O.E. Peppard	1889–1901
NEBRASKA	
Lincoln R.L. Smith Machine Works	1899–1901
Omaha Andrews Bridge Company 1898 and 1899 directories gave Ogden, Utah, as second address, but was listed only at Ogden in 1901.	1896-1899
J.R. Lehmer	1901
A.A. Raymond 'wood bridges'	1896-1899
Jno. A. Templeton	1896-1899
Wood and Bancroft	1896-1899
NEW JERSEY	
Dover Boiler Works	1901
Elizabeth E.G. Brown	1888
New Jersey Dock and Bridge Building Company	1899-1901
Jersey City P.S. Ross	1896-1898
B.M. and J.F. Shanley	1887
Wallis Iron Works	1883-1891
Lambertville William Cowin	1868-1870

NEW JERSEY

Newark

Hay Foundry and Iron Works 1896-1901

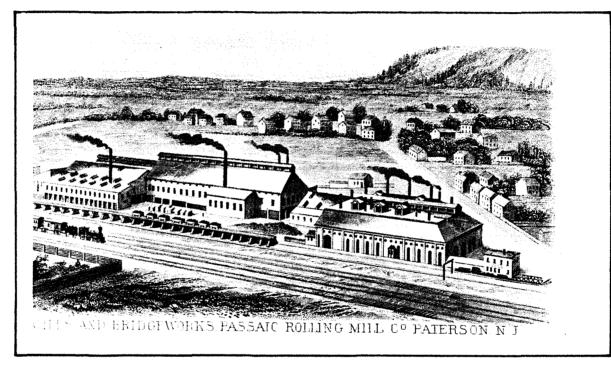
Passaic

Union Building and Construction Company 1899-1901

Paterson

Bogert and Carlough Company 1901

*Passaic Rolling Mill Company
Fabricating capacity in 1884 was 12,000 tons
a year, one of the largest of that time.





Riverside Bridge and Iron Works

1889-1899

1869-1876

1877-1901

Watson Manufacturing Company
Specialized in Post type trusses. In
1876 built three 300 foot spans in Brazil,
and in same year went into receivership.

NEW JERSEY



ACROSS THE SUSQUEHANNA RIVER, ERIE RAILWAY,
(In Four Spans, whole length 650 feet)

BUILT BY THE WATSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, PATERSON, N. J.

Phillipsburg

Phillipsburg Manufacturing Company
Built bridges in early 1870s. Earlier
had made bolts for bridges and other uses and
later manufactured machinery.

1871-1874

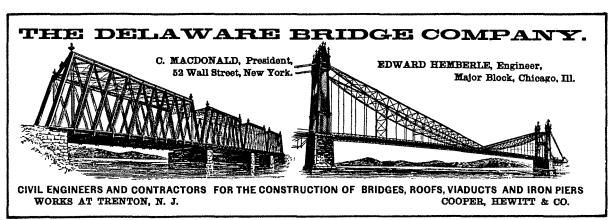
Tippett and Wood
Established 1868.

1868-1901

Plainfield

W.T. Kirk

1901



NEW JERSEY

Trenton	
Delaware Bridge Company	1875-1883
Cooper, Hewitt and Company, New York, proprietors.	
F.C. Lowthorp	1857-1884
Sometimes misspelled Lowthrop. Temporarily	2007 2004
Lowthorp and Henderson, c1874-1876.	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
New Jersey Steel and Iron Company	-1900
Formed 1866 and part of the Cooper,	
Hewitt and Company operations which also	
included Delaware Bridge Company. This	
company operated the Trenton Iron Works, but from 1886 to 1899 advertised under its own	
name as a bridge builder although Trenton	
was also advertising. Acquired by American	
Bridge Company in 1900.	
\cdot	
John A. Roebling's Sons Company	-1901
The plant to manufacture wire rope was	
established in 1849 and renamed after his	
death in 1869. His will required that his name be used, and this nomenclature was	
adopted to include his sons. Only suspension	
bridges were constructed, and these were an	
adjunct to the manufacturing.	
-m . T . W .	
*Trenton Iron Works	1886-1900
See New Jersey Steel and Iron.	
Trenton Locomotive and Machine Manufacturing	1853-1862
Company	
Organized under this name in 1853 from earlier	
partnerships that manufactured locomotives,	
gas plants, etc. Company was renamed Trenton	
Arms Company in 1862. Apparently constructed	
bridges only while bearing this name. Built Fink's patented trusses.	
o puttation	
NEW MEXICO	
Albuquerque	
Albuquerque Bridge Company	1888
NEW YORK	
Albany	
Albany Bridge and Iron Works	1885
Albany Iron and Machine Works	1866-1882
Operated under three proprietors: Jones,	1000-1002
Haskell and Company 1866-67, Haskell and	
Orchard 1868-1871, Henry C. Haskell	
1872-1882. Under the last, advertised as	
'Manufacturers of Rezner Patent Improved	
Wrought Iron Tubular Arch Truss Bridge'.	

Albany (continued)

Albany Iron Works F. Townsend and Company, proprietors. Built

iron bridge over Erie Canal basin at Albany 1849.

*Hilton Bridge Construction Company Began 1880 and bought by American Bridge Company 1900. Charles Hilton was chief engineer and died 1884; he had been with New York Central Railroad and Leighton Bridge. 1880-1900

1849



J. McCormick Perhaps the man listed as president of Albany Bridge and Iron Works two years earlier.	1887
Pruyn and Lansing 'manufacturers of steam engines, boilers, Iron Bridges'	1855-1865
Squire Whipple	1864
S. and J.M. Whipple	1857
Buffalo *Buffalo Bridge and Iron Works Established 1891 and bought by American Bridge Company 1900.	1891-1900
Buffalo Engineering Company	1898-1901
*Buffalo Structural Steel Works	1899-1901
Central Bridge Company Organized 1876 and purchased shop of Kellogg Bridge Company 1881. Became part of Union Bridge Company (of New York City) in 1884, and the shop was closed c1890.	1876-1884
Henry Clark	1899

Buffalo (continued)

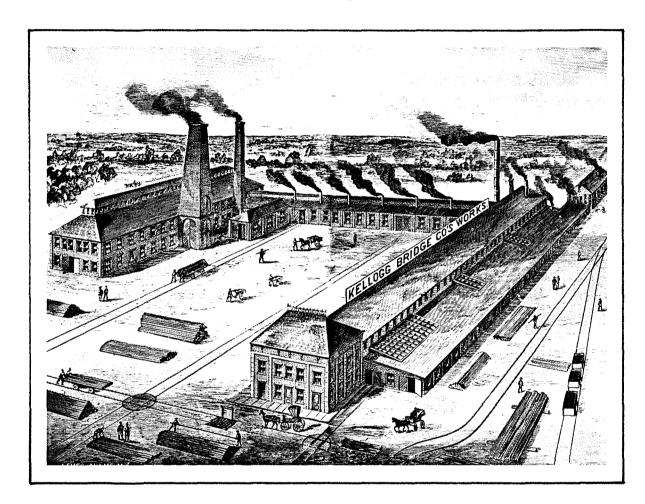
George H. Gilmon

1896-1898

Kellogg Bridge Company∫

1870-1881

Organized November 1870 by Charles Kellogg. Shop acquired by Central Bridge 1881.



Charles H. Kellogg Son of Kellogg Bridge Company proprietor. Advertised 1889 'contracting engineer, iron work and bridge builder'. Later

directed Kellogg Iron Works and perhaps

Kellogg Iron Bridge Works.

*Kellogg Iron Bridge Works

Listed once in AISA. Possibly an unsuccessful plan to use the Union Bridge Company shop.

Kellogg Iron Works Sporadically Kellogg Steel and Iron Company. 1894

1891-1901

1888-1889

[∫] See Appendix D for the two Charles Kelloggs

Buffalo (continued)

Niagara Bridge Works
Organized 1873.

1873-1896

Frederick Overhoff

1901

Union Bridge Company

1884-c1890

See Central Bridge Company.

Elmira

*Elmira Bridge Company, Limited∫

1889-1900

Established 1889 by Charles Kellogg (formerly with Kellogg and Maurice) and others. Sold to American Bridge

Company 1900.

Fort Edward

Cooper and Nash

1875-1878

1877-1900

Established 1875.

Groton

*Groton Bridge and Manufacturing Company
Founded 1877 as Groton Iron Bridge Company
and name changed to that listed in 1887.
Also manufactured punches, straightening
machines, and wood-working machinery.
Acquired by American Bridge Company 1900,

and 1901 they sold it to former owners who adopted name of Groton Bridge Company.

Havana

(Name of village changed to Montour Falls about 1895.)

*W.H. Shepard's Sons Bridge Company
Followed by Havana Bridge Works of

1891-1896

Montour Falls.

Horseheads

*Horseheads Bridge Company

1890-1900

Started 1890 and acquired by American Bridge Company 1900.

Hudson

Hudson River Bridge Works

1881-1888

Whitbeck and Power proprietors in 1881.

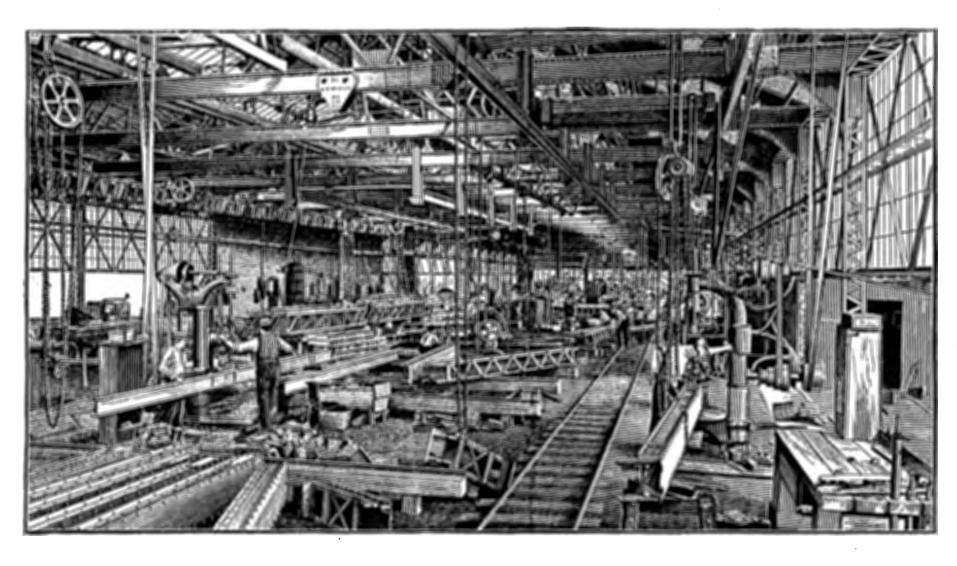
Montour Falls

*Havana Bridge Works

1896-1901

The outgrowth of W.H. Shepard's Sons Bridge Company and the predecessor of Rochester Bridge and Construction Company listed in 1903.

See Appendix D for the two Charles Kelloggs



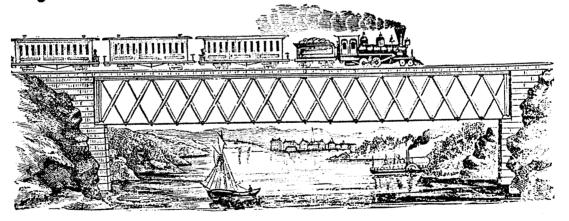
A well-appointed bridge shop of the 1890s. The 80-by-400-foot building—itself presumably a product of the firm's works—was entirely of iron and glass with no wood used. The capacity was 1,000 tons of finished work per month. (Berlin Iron Bridge Company, East Berlin, Connecticut)

New York City	
American Bridge Company	1900-1901
Formed 1900. See Appendix C.	
Architectural Iron Works	
Daniel Badger proprietor, 1865 catalogue	
showed bridges, but it is not known if	
any were built.	
Atlantic Bridge Works	1863
Post, McCallum and Company proprietors.	
'Prepared to erect Post bridges of iron	
and of wood and iron.'	
Atlas Iron Construction Company	1891-1896
Blake and Duffy	1888
Alfred P. Boller	1877
'Civil Engineer and Bridge Builder,	·
contractor for all descriptions of	
engineering ironwork, Bridges'	
VIII 110111, 2116, 11	
Brown and Lucius	1888
Burton and MacDonald	1870
'Engineers and Contractors for the	
Construction of Iron and Wooden Bridges'.	
Also had office in Philadelphia.	
Carrere and Haas	1891
Cooper, Hewitt and Company	
Proprietors of New Jersey Steel and Iron	
Company and related companies of Trenton,	
New Jersey. Although not an operating	
company, it sometimes advertised as a	
bridge builder.	
Cooper and Wigand	1899–1901
-	
*J.B. and J.M. Cornell	
Started in 1847 and best known for its	
cast iron building facades. It was listed	
in Directories of the 1890s and mentioned	
as a possible component of American Bridge.	
Edward Corning and Company	1896
Dan and Wardhard	100/-1001
Dean and Westbrook	1886-1901
Listed as Dean-Westbrook Bridge Company in	
some Directories of 1899 and 1901.	
Empire Bridge Company	1900-1901
Formed 1900 by American Bridge Company to	
operate the shops in New York State. See	
Appendix C.	
У БЪе п иту С.	

New York City (continued) Empire Construction Company 1899 R.H. Hood 1898-1899 Isaac A. Hopper 1896 *Jackson Architectural Iron Works 1896-1901 Despite name was listed in Directories for period indicated. The company had provided the balustrades for the Washington Bridge over the Harlem River in 1888. Henry A. La Chicotte 1898 Lewinson and Just 1896-1901 Frank R. Long 1896-1901 Charles MacDonald 1871-1872 Formerly a partner in Burton and MacDonald.

CHARLES MACDONALD,

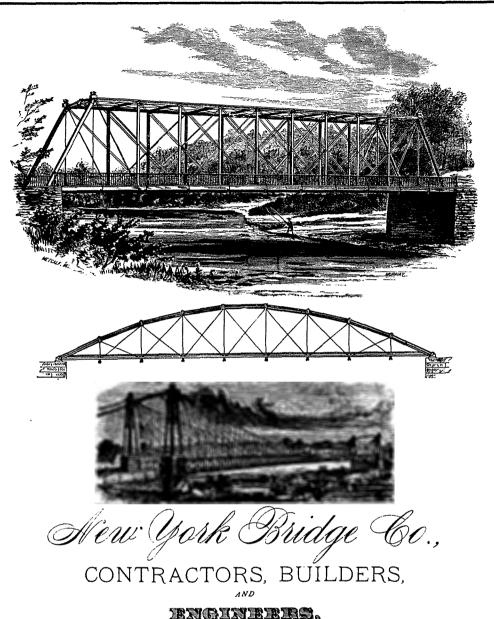
Engineer and Contractor for the Construction of



IRON AND WOODEN BRIDGES,

Viaducts, Steel Suspension Bridges, Roofs, Etc., 80 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

Manhattan Bridge Building Company
Despite name constructed no bridges. Company
was promoter of the Poughkeepsie railroad
bridge of 1888.



erekioka,

J. D. Hutchinson.

J. W. SHIPMAN.

OFFICE 26.

110 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Gentlemen:

We are prepared to furnish the Whipple Iron Truss and Arch Bridges, of any desired length of span and capacity, on short notice, as well as the celebrated "Roebling" Steel Wire Cable Suspension Bridges for long spans, where the nature of bottom makes it difficult to put in masonry, or at localities where it is deemed inexpedient to obstruct the flow of water by putting in piers; also wood and combination bridges. We invite examination of the many bridges in use, put up by us, of the above named plans, and will be pleased to show our work to all parties who may favor us with a call. Plans, Specifications and estimates furnished on short notice.

Notices of all Bridge Projects and Lettings will be esteemed a favor. Very Truly Yours,

Dec. 1, 1877.

New York City (continued)	
*Milliken Brothers	1891-1901
John Monks	1888
Moseley Iron Bridge and Roof Company Sometimes listed as Moseley Iron Bridge and Corrugated Roof Company.	1867-1901
New York Bridge Company Managed by J.D. Hutchinson and J.W. Shipman.	1877
New York Iron Bridge Company Formed to continue the work of Rider Iron Bridge Company. Col. Stephen Long and M.M. White were associated. Dates approximate.	1850-1853
O'Brien, Sheehan and McBean	1899
*Post and McCord Started 1877 and acquired by American Bridge Company in 1900. Shop at Greenpoint, Long Island City, New York.	1877-1900
C.O. Richards and Company	1885-1888
Rider Iron Bridge Company Formed about 1848 by Nathaniel Rider and became New York Iron Bridge Company about 1850. The change may have been caused by Rider's death which occured about that time. Some advertisements refer to 'W. Rider and Brothers', this firm was directed by Nathaniel's brother and dealt in rubber, but it may have carried on the bridge business before the new company was formed. In 1853 G.F. Rider of the Washington Iron Bridge Company, location not given in program, exhibited a model of an iron bridge identical to that submitted by the New York Iron Bridge Company. It is not known if G.F. Rider was related to Nathaniel or had been associated with either of the two companies.	c1848-1850
John Roach A ship and engine builder who constructed at least one bridge in the city, Third Avenue over the Harlem River, in 1864.	
R.P. and J.H. Staats	1896
Stephens and O'Rourke	1898-1899

1896

Thorp and Bond

New York City (continued)

Union Bridge Company

1884-1900

Formed 1884 by the combination of Central Bridge Company of Buffalo with Kellogg and Maurice, Athens, Pennsylvania. The office was in New York City. The Buffalo shop was closed c1890 and American Bridge Company acquired the balance 1900.

I.E. White

1888

Moores M. White

1852-1854

After working for the New York and Rider iron bridge companies, White wrote in 1854 that he was the only builder of iron bridges in or near New York, had built one in Nashua, New Hampshire, 1852 and had just shipped a 112 foot single-span bridge to Peru for the Arica and Tacna Railroad.

Oswego

Oswego Bridge Company

Apparently an error for Owego Bridge Company, as no structures have been identified as their product. Appeared in Directories 1896-1899.

Owego

*Owego Bridge Company

1891-1901

Painted Post

*Lane Bridge Works

c1890-1901

D.F. Lane proprietor. Fabricated bridges that used rails for the chords and compression members as well as the usual types of trusses.

Weston Engine Company

1896-1898

Port Jervis

Barrett Bridge Company

1901

Rochester

Alden and Lassig Bridge Works

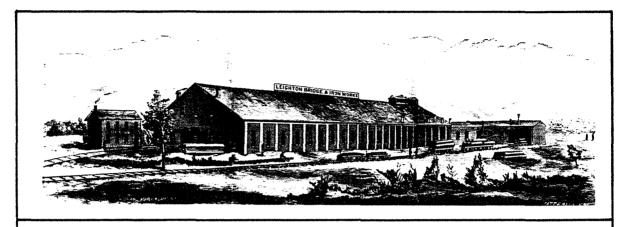
1881-1886

John Alden, formerly chief engineer of Leighton Bridge, and Moritz Lassig of Chicago formed a partnership on 1 July 1881. They operated Lassig's Chicago plant and leased Leighton's which they operated as Alden and Lassig Bridge Works 'Lessees of Leighton...'. They purchased the plant in 1884. Partnership dissolved January 1886 with Lassig resuming ownership of the Chicago part and Alden taking Rochester which he called Rochester Bridge and Iron Works.

Rochester (continued)

Leighton Bridge and Iron Works
Formed by Thomas Leighton 1870 when
partnership with Fowler ended. Leased to
Alden and Lassig 1881.

1870-1881



LEIGHTON BRIDGE AND IRON WORKS



Leighton and Fowler

c1854-1870

*Rochester Bridge and Iron Works
Formerly Alden and Lassig Bridge Works. Became
part of the American Bridge Company 1900.
Alden, the proprietor, was sometimes listed
separately as a bridge builder and may have been
a partner in Rust and Alden, Chicago, 1888.

1886-1900

1899

B.P. Smith

Syracuse

Alexander Iron Works

1899-1901

Simon DeGraff

1866-1871

Listed as 'contractor' 1857-1865 and 'bridge contractor' or 'bridge builder' 1866-1871.

Troy

Reuben Comins

1855-1883

Also was president of Hilton Bridge Company, Albany, formed 1880. As Directories listed him as 'bridge builder' until his death in 1883, he may have continued a separate business.

John D. Hutchinson

1859-1870

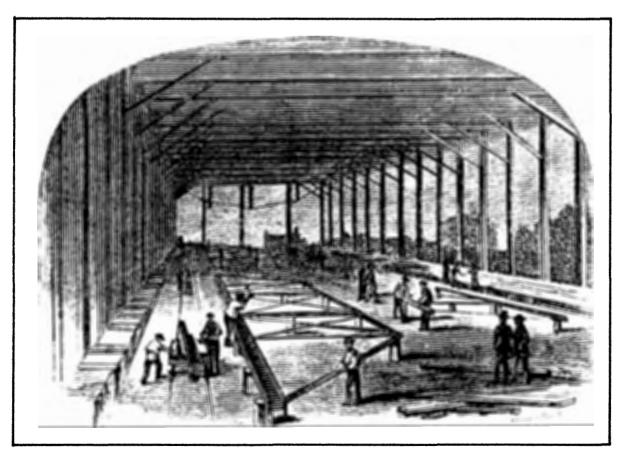
Later associated with J.W. Shipman in the construction of a bridge at Stockport, New York (1875), and then in New York Bridge Company.

Van Hornesville

J. Shipman and Company

1856

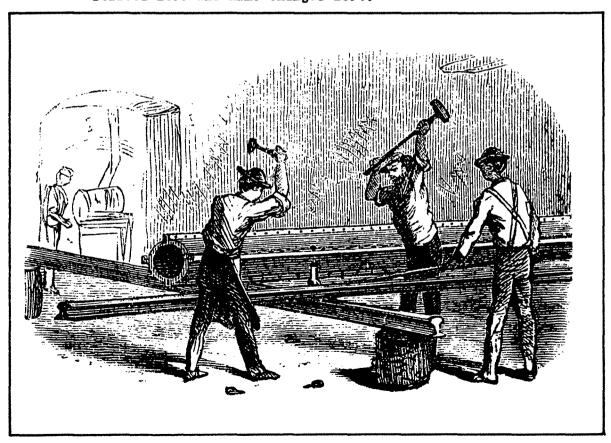
Built shop 1856 for the manufacture of iron bridges and axles. See Appendix D for later career.



Trial assembly of a bridge truss in the shop, ca. 1872

NORTH DAKOTA

NORTH DAKOTA	
Fargo	
W.J. Haskins	1899-1901
Jno. Jardine	1899-1901
Jas. Kennedy	1899-1901
Grand Forks	
A.F. Turner	1901
Wahpeton North Western Construction Company	1896-1899
ОНІО	
Bellaire	
*Standard Boiler and Bridge Company	1891-1896
Incorporated 1891. Directories of 1894 and 1896 specify 'light bridges'.	
Bellefontaine	
*Bellefontaine Bridge and Iron Company Successor to Buchanan Bridge Company.	1894–1901
*Buchanan Bridge Company Started 1890 and name changed 1894.	1890-1894



Riveting a column, ca. 1872

Canton

*Canton Bridge Company
Reorganized or incorporated 1891.

1876-1901

John Laird and Company
Organized 1864 as a development of Laird's
foundry which started in 1840.

1864-c1871

*Wrought Iron Bridge Company

Organized 1864 by David Hammond and incorporated 1871. Absorbed by American Bridge Company 1900. Job Abbott who joined the company in 1872 was one of the organizers of Toronto (Canada) Bridge Company c1879 and Dominion Bridge Company 1883, and served as first president of both.

1864-1900

WROUGHT IRON BRIDGE CO.

Iron and Steel

BRIDGES, VIADUCTS, GIRDERS, TURN-TABLES,

Power-Houses, Electric-Light Stations,

AND COMMUNICATE WITH NEAREST OFFICE.

Canton, 13

136 Liberty Street, NEW YORK CITY. 1309 Monadnock Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

New York Life Building, Kansas City, Mo.

Cincinna ti

*Brackett Bridge Company

Name changed about 1890 from Lomas Forge and Bridge Works after F.J.P. Brackett gained control.

c1890-1901

Cincinnati Architectural Iron Works

1896-1898

Cincinnati Bridge Company

J.W. Shipman manager. Company was active for only short time but built several large bridges. It submitted a proposal for a suspension bridge with a 734 foot main span over New York City's East River. 1873-1877

Cincinnati Bridge Company Incorporated 1896.

1896

Cincinnati (continued)

Charles Graham

1872-1875

Gregory, Bandon and Robinson

1857-1860

Built Moseley's patent trusses. Bandon, which appears on a c1860 advertising pamphlet, may be a misprint for Brandon.

Lomas Forge and Bridge Works

1880-c1890

Started 1880 and became Brackett Bridge Company about 1890. Evolved from William Lomas and Company, makers of tools and hardware.

Moseley and Company

1856-1861

TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON



ARCH BRIDGES AND ROOFS.

THESE BRIDGES AND HOOFS HAVE now been fully tested in this vicinity, and it is universally conceded that they can not be excelled. The Roofs, are wholly of Wrought Iron, or mixture of Wood and Iron; Sheeting always Iron.

The bridges are wholly Wrought Iron except the floor, which is wood, like the floors of ordinary Bridges

We are prepared to make these structures in any quantities, at prices about as follows:

Railroad Bridges, 50 feet span, 8,000 lbs., \$17 50 per foot lineal.

Common Road or Turnpike, 50 feet span, 2600 lbs. \$5 75 per foot lineal.

Roofs, all iron, 50 feet width of building, \$25 per 100 square feet, part wood and part iron, from \$12 to \$20 per square.

Nunning and Lubbering

1888

Queen City Bridge and Steam Forging Company

1888

*L. Schreiber and Sons Company
Listed in AISA for 1898, but advertisement
in a different directory for 1899 does not
mention bridges.

1898

*Stacey Manufacturing Company
In existence 1868 and incorporated 1880.

1868-1899

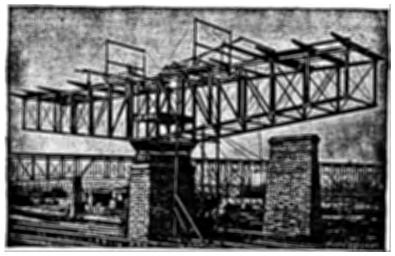
Cleveland	
Buckeye Bridge Company	1872-1886
Miller, Jamieson and Company proprietors	
in 1872.	
Buckeye Bridge and Boiler Works	1888
Perhaps same as above or its successor.	
Cleveland Bridge Company	1899-1901
Cleveland Bridge and Car Works	1870-1888
McNairy and Claflen Manufacturing Company	10/0-1000
proprietors.	
proprietors.	
Cleveland Bridge and Iron Company	1884-1888
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cleveland Erecting Company	1895-1901
Incorporated 1895.	
Clinton Smith Bridge Company	1876
Zenas King	1861-1871
Began his connection with the industry in	
1858 as an agent for Moseley. In 1861 King	
established a partnership with Peter Frees to	
build boilers and bridges. This was dissolved	
after a few years with King retaining the bridge portion. Formed company in 1871. Names	
of businesses before 1871 not known.	
of businesses before 10/1 not known.	
*King Iron Bridge and Manufacturing Company	1871-1901
Incorporated 1871 by Zenas King. Name changed	10/1 1/01
to King Bridge Company about 1893. See related	
companies at Iola and Topeka, Kansas.	
•	
McLaughlin and McKenna	1901
Novelty Iron Works	1875-1882
Zwilling Brothers and Company, early proprietors.	
Advertisements of Clinton (Iowa) Bridge	
Company in 1879 to 1882 Directories listed	
this name and location as their shop for	
iron bridges. Either Clinton acquired the	
shop or there were two with the same name.	
Ohio Pridos Compos.	1869-1874
Ohio Bridge Company Rezner, Stone and Company, proprietors, may	1007-10/4
have operated under their own name before	
starting Ohio Bridge.	
Standard Contracting Company	1896-1901
• • •	
W.A. Stevens and Company	1899-1901

THE KING BRIDGE CO.,

BRIDGES. CLEVELAND, OHIO. VIADUCTS.

IRON AND STEEL EYE BARS, GIRDERS AND STRUCTURAL WORK FOR BUILDINGS.

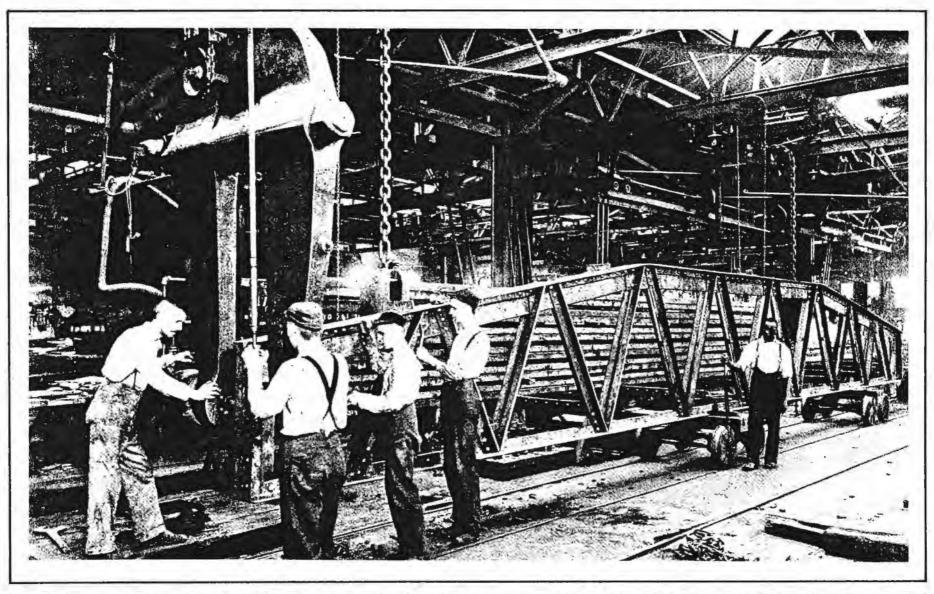
PLANS, ESTIMATES AND SURVEYS FREE OF COST.



CLEVELAND CENTRAL VIADUCT SWING, Showing erection without False Work.

BUILT BY THE KING BRIDGE CO.

Cleveland (continued) Thatcher, Burt and Company Had the local franchise for Howe trusses	1863 -
in the 1850s and were succeeded by McNairy and Claflen Manufacturing Company (Cleveland Bridge and Car Works) by 1870.	
bildge and car works, by 1070.	
Van Dorn Iron Works	1891
Incorporated 1891.	
*Variety Iron Works	1888-1901
Columbus	
Joseph Braun	1888
Columbus Bridge Company	c1885-1894
Started about 1885 by Reuben A. Sawyier,	
incorporated 1886 and apparently closed	
about 1894, although some Directories	
listed it later.	
Etna Construction Company	1895-1897
*Iron Substructure Company	1884-1901
Incorporated 1884.	
*New Columbus Bridge Company	1894-1900
Incorporated 1894 and absorbed by	
American Bridge Company in 1900.	
Reuben A. Sawyier	1884



Assembling a small prefabricated bridge truss in the shop using a portable hydraulic riveter. (Edge Moor Iron Works)

O-1	
Coshocton	1861-1874
Coshocton Iron Works	1801-18/4
James Shipman, manager.	
Dayton	
Columbia Bridge Company	c1868-1890
D.R. Morrison started building wood bridges	107.46. 5.464
in 1848 and received a patent in 1867 for	
an iron one. The following year he built a	
fabricating shop and the company probably	
was formed at that time. Later he was joined	
by his son C.C. Morrison.	
Destruction of the state of the	1000 1002
Dayton Architectural Iron Works	1888-1893
McHose and Lyon proprietors.	
Dayton Bridge Company	1883
Incorporated 1883.	
Hamilton	
Champion Iron Bridge Company	1874-1875
See Champion Bridge Company,	****
Wilmington, Ohio.	
Hamilton Bridge Company	1896-1901
Hamilton Tool and Construction Company	1896-1898
Zimri Wall and Company	1860-1871
See Champion Bridge Company,	
Wilmington, Ohio.	
7 and 7 Well and Orenza	1871-1874
Z. and J. Wall and Company	1011-1014
See Champion Bridge Company, Wilmington, Ohio.	
Kenton	1896-1901
*Champion Iron Company	1830-1301
Lancaster	
August Bornemann and Sons	1880
Later were proprietors of Rocking Valley	
Bridge Company.	
Hocking Valley Bridge Company	c1881-1901
Started by Bornemann in the early 1880s.	
After his death about 1890, the company was	
acquired by Benjamin F. Dum.	
Lima	
Lima Bridge Company	1873
McCurdy and McDurmut	1872-1874
	22.00
Logan Motherell Iron and Steel Company	1896-1901
mornerell from and ofeel combana	1930-1301

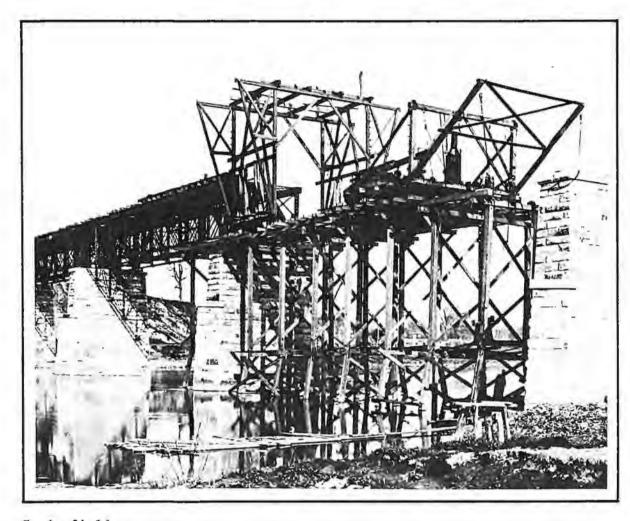
Marietta	
Stephen Daniels	1836-c1855
Agent and builder of S.R. Long's patented	
trusses.	
Marietta Bridge Company	1890
Marysville	
Reuben L. Partridge	1855-1900
Wooden bridges.	
Massillon	
*Massillon Bridge Company	1869-1901
Established in 1869 as Massillon Iron Bridge	
Company. Incorporated in 1887, and name may	
have been changed at that time.	
Russell Bridge Company	1872
Middleport	
Ohio Machine Company	1896-1898
Mount Vernon	
•Mount Vernon Bridge Company	1880-1901
Incorporated in 1880. Company was in	
receivership in 1894 but resumed business.	
Newark	
Lane Brothers Bridge and Construction Company	1890-1898

The Lane Brothers Bridge & Construction Co.,
IRON AND STEEL

Bridges, Jails @ Court House Work

NEWARK, OHIO.

New Bremen Lanfersieck and Grothaus Company	1895-1901
Oregonia Bradbury and Spencer	1888-c1897
Started as blacksmiths and built first bridge in 1888. Became Oregonia Bridge Company about 1897.	
Oregonia Bridge Company Formerly Bradbury and Spencer.	c1897-1901
Portsmouth Structural Steel and Iron Company	1898
Sidney Bemis and Krum	1899-1901



Springfield	
Jno. V. Clayton	1901
•Rogers Iron Company	1896-1901
Tippicance City (later Tipp City)	
Robert W. Smith	1867-1869
Moved to Toledo. See Smith Bridge Company.	
Toledo	
T.H. Hamilton	1885-1888
Legget and Berry	1896-1898
Ohio Bridge Company	1896-1901

Smith Bridge Company
Smith moved from Tippicanoe City where he
had built his patented wood bridges in
1869. At the new location he also built
composite trusses and in 1870 formed
Smith Bridge Company which he sold in
1890. The new owners changed the name to
Toledo Bridge Company and sold it to (continued)

Toledo (continued)

American Bridge Company in 1901.
Robert W. Smith
Smith Bridge Company

1869-1870 1870-1890

*Toledo Bridge Company

1890-1901

See Smith Bridge Company for history.

Upper Sandusky

John H. Junkins and Son

1861-1889

Urbana

Urbana Bridge Company
William A. Black proprietor.

1879-c1885

Wilmington

*Champion Bridge Company

The last and longest used of five names at two locations. 1874 and earlier dates are approximate.

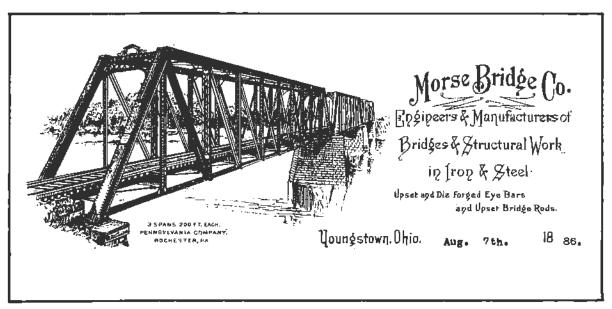
Zimri Wall and Company	Hamil ton	1860-1871
Z. and J. Wall and Company	Hamil ton	1871-1874
Champion Iron Bridge Company	Hamil ton	1874-1875
Champion Iron Bridge Company	Wilmington	1875-1878
Champion Iron Bridge and		
Manufacturing Company	Wilmington	1878-1881
Champion Bridge Company	Wilmington	1881-1901

Youngstown

Morse Bridge Company

1878-c1889

Founded in 1878. Name changed to Youngstown Bridge Company between 1888 and 1891.

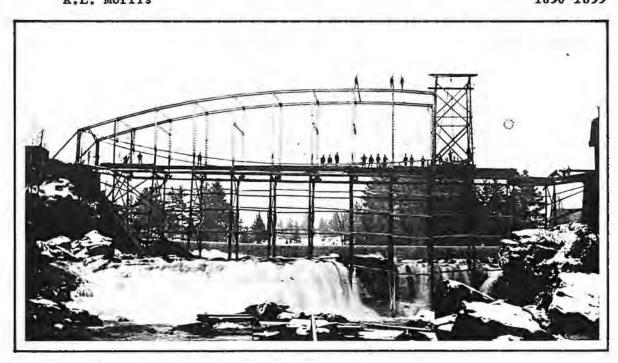


•Youngstown Bridge Company
Formerly Morse Bridge. Acquired by American
Bridge Company in 1900.

c1889~1900

OREGON

OREGON	
Portland	
American Bridge and Contract Company	1896-1899
Bentley Construction Company	1901
N.J. Blagen	1901
Bullen Bridge Company	1896-1899
C.A. Bullen	1901
Columbia Bridge Company	1901
Hoffman and Bates	1896-1899
*Portland Bridge and Building Company	1896-1901
Sanderson and Maney	1898
Wakefield and Jackson	1898-1899
Robert Wakefield	1901
Willamet Iron Works	1901
Wolff and Zwicker Iron Works Also built several torpedo boats for U.S. Navy. Bankrupt in 1901.	1897-1901
Woodburn	
R.L. Morris	1896-1899



Erection of a Berlin Iron Bridge Company lenticular truss

PENNSYLVANIA

PENNSYLYANIA

Allegheny (now part of Pittsburgh)

Chester B. Albree

1896-1899

1901 Directory lists only as mannfacturer of bridge railings.

Allentown

*Allentown Rolling Mill Company

1886-1901

Athens

Charles Kellogg (See Appendix D)

c1865-1871

Started constructing wood railroad bridges in central New York and North-central Pennsylvania about 1865, and built shop at Athens in 1870. The next year he formed partnership with Maurice.

Kellogg and Maurice

1871-1884

Organized in 1871 when Kellogg formed a partnership with Charles S. Maurice. They worked with Central Bridge Company, Buffalo, and joined with them to form Union Bridge Company in 1884.

*Union Bridge Company

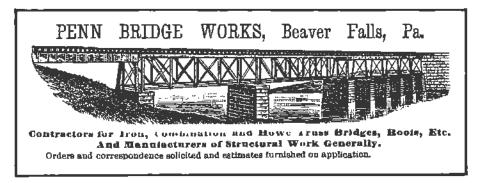
1884-1900

Office at New York City. Operated Athens shop until acquired by American Bridge Company in 1900. Built 600 ton testing machine in 1885, one of few in U.S. at that time.

Beaver Falls

*Penn Bridge Company
Established 1868.

1868-1901



Canonsburg

*Fort Pitt Bridge Company

1896-1901

See listing under Pittsburgh where main office was located.

*Pittsburgh Architectural Iron Works

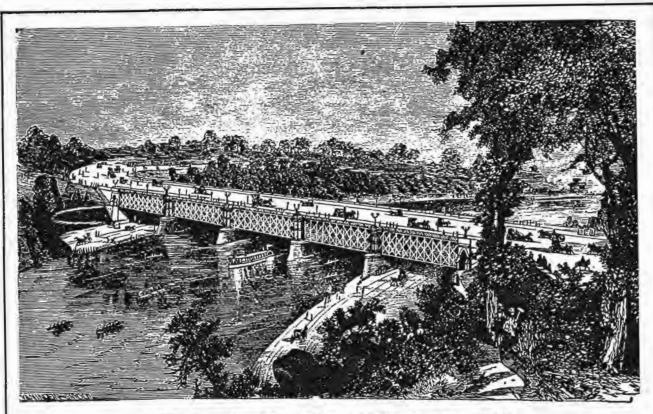
See listing under Pittsburgh where main office was located. Plant was bought by

Fort Pitt.

1894-1896

PENNSYLVANIA

Chambersburg	
Nelson and Buchanan	1891-1901
Previously agents for Pittsburgh	
Bridge Company.	
Corry	
E. and E. Love	1901
Dauphin	
*Dauphin Bridge and Construction Company	1898-1901
Germantown	
Hy. Warden	1888
Gettysburg	
Gilbert and Smith	1886
Kane	
C.W. Grout	1899
F.R. Walker	1901
McKees Rocks	
*Schultz Bridge Iron Company	c1890-1900
Evolved from business started by C.J. Schultz	
c1850 to supply iron parts for wood bridges.	
Sometimes, erroneously, Schultz Bridge and Iron	
Company. Acquired by American Bridge	
Company 1900.	
Milton	
Murray, Dougal and Company	1878
New Brighton Penn Bridge and Machine Works	1876
Location is just across river from Beaver	10/0
Falls where Penn Bridge Company was	
located. Perhaps same company.	
Philadelphia	
Armstrong and Printzenhoff	1896-1899
Barnes Culvert Bridge Company	1898-1899
Parage and Order	1001_1000
Benner and Opdyke Apparently descended from Jones and Benner	1891-1899
and followed by Stacy, Opdyke and Company.	
J.E. Brenneman	1898
	2 hma
Burton and MacDonald	1870
Also had office in New York City.	



CLARKE, REEVES & CO.,

410 Walnut St., Philadelphia. 49 William St., New York.

Phœnixville Bridge Works of Pa.

DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT ALL KINDS OF

IRON RAILWAY BRIDGES, VIADUCTS, ROOFS,

The attention of the officers of Railway Companies is called to our "Album of Designs," show ing the various styles of Iron Railway Bridges, Viaducts, etc., that we have constructed and are prepared to construct, which we will send by mail to any person requiring such structures. We are prepared to furnish first-class Iron Bridges in as short a time as any other bridge builders can do, and at very reasonable rates. We refer to the officers of the following Railway Companies, for whom we have constructed since October 1870, and are now constructing 283,604 lineal feet of first-class IRON BRIDGES, or over 53 miles:

Chicago. Burlington and Ouinest Ellipsis Control.

class IRON BRIDGES, or over 53 miles:

Chicago, Burlington and Quincy—Illinois Central—Chicago and Northwestern—
Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore—Connecticut Air-Line—Portland and
Kennebec—Northern Pennsylvania—Philadelphia and Reading—Portland and Ogdensburgh—New York Central and Hudson River Bridge Co.—Cambria Iron Co.—
Catawissa R. R. Co.—Chesapeake and Ohio—Camden and Amboy—Philadelphia
and West Chester—Ohio and Mississippi—Grand Trunk of Canada—Inter-Colonial
of Canada—Louisville and Nashville—Elevated Railway of New York—Galveston,
Harrisburg and San Antonio of Texas. Harrisburg and San Antonio of Texas.

Address:

CLARKE, REEVES & CO.,

THOMAS C. CLARKE. ADOLPHUS BONZANO. DAVID REEVES. JOHN GRIFFEN.

49 William Street, New York. 410 Walnut St., Philadelphia. Phœnixville, Penn.

PENNSYLVANIA

Philadelphia (continued)

Clarke, Reeves and Company Formed 1870 by Thomas C. Clarke and the Reeves family which controlled Phoenix Iron Company. Plant at Phoenixville was called Phoenixville Bridge Works. Clarke left in 1883 and the following year the company was succeeded by Phoenix Bridge Company.

1870-1884

J.H. Cofrode and Company Followed by Cofrode and Saylor 1870

Cofrode and Evans Followed by Louis P. Evans

1891

Cofrode and Saylor

1877-1896

Proprietors of Philadelphia Bridge Works with shop located at Pottstown.

Continental Bridge Company

1871-1877

'Builders of Henszey's Patent Wrought Iron Arch Bridge.'

CONTINENTAL

110 SOUTH FOURTH STREET. PHILADELPHIA,

BUILDERS OF

HENSZEY'S PATENT

WITH IRON OR WOOD FLOOR BEAMS.

The HENSZEY PATENT WROUGHT IRON BRIDGE we claim has decided advantages over many others now in use, for the reasons: Firstly. That the Bridge is Whotoset Iron throughout. S-couldly. That the combination of the Iron is such as to incure strength in a caract degree. Thirdly, that the dilierent parts are so arranged as to be easily reached for painting. Fourthly. No Nuts and Boits, requiring constant sitention. Fitchly. Duranters. Sixthly. Nestness of appearance. S-venthly. For the real value furnished, the captayest.

The PATENT WROUGHT IRON ARCH, the great element of strength, is formed of sections of the PRICENIX IRON COMPANY'S COLUMN IRON, so put together that while it is handsome in appearance

IN STRENGTH IT IS BEYOND QUESTION.

Delaplaine and West

1901

H.O. Duerr and Company Listed as bridge builder in 1891 and 1896, but in 1894 was manager of Lehigh Valley Construction Company.

1891-1896

Louis P. Evans Succeeded Cofrode and Evans 1895-1898

John P. Eyre and Company

1887

PENNSYLVANIA

Philadelphia (continued)

R.W. Gibson 1887

1896 J.H. Hathaway and Company

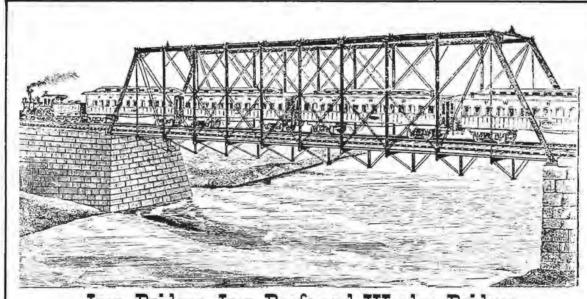
Hoffman Engineering and Contracting Company 1901

Jones and Benner 1880-1890

Levering and Garrigues is an offshoot of this firm as the former was president and the latter secretary and treasurer in 1886. Benner and Opdyke may also be related.

Kellogg, Clarke and Company Formed 1868 and ended 1870 when Charles Kellogg moved to Buffalo and Thomas Clarke formed Clarke, Reeves and Company.

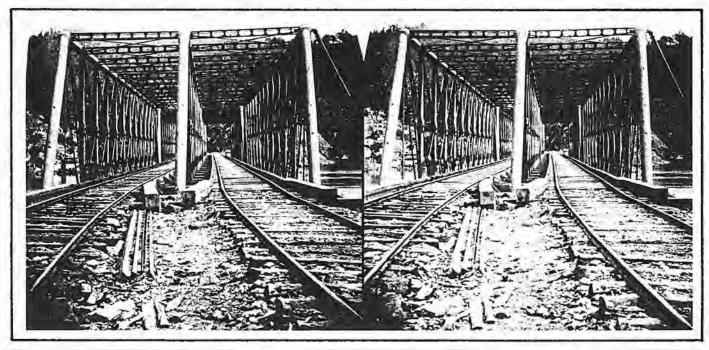
1868-1870



Iron Bridges, Iron Roofs and Wooden Bridges. KELLOGG, CLARKE & CO.,

Engineers and Contractors, 410 Walnut St., PHILADELPHIA, Pa.,
SCIERSORS TO MIABLES RELLOGO
UABLES RELLOGO, Late Superintendent of the Detroit Dridge and Iran Works. THOS. C. CLARKE, Chief Engineer Mississippi Iran III. Bridge: Univers. Bit.
R. BLACKWELL, Resident Eng. of Construction of Iran Works of the Mississippi Bridges—Burlington, Iowa and Quincy. III. ADDILL'IUS BONZANO, Mechanical Eng.

*Keystone Structural Company Shop at Royersford.	1896-1901
Leonard, Foley and Company	1898-1899
*Levering and Garrigues See Jones and Benner for earlier activity.	1890-1901
W.C. Livengood	1896
Thomas W.H. Moseley	1876
Novelty Iron Works	1888





Office of the Bencoud Fron Works, No. 410 Walnut Street, Philad's.



We herewith hand you a Stereoscopic View of an Iron Bridge, erected some few years since, near Mauch Chunk, Pa., on the Beaver Mendow Rail Road, (a Road of very extensive Coal traffic.) This structure has given the highest satisfaction to all parties concerned, has endured a trade of some 20,000 tons per week, moved by the heaviest class of Locomotives; and notwithstanding the rigorous climate incident to its location, the Thermometer marking, in some instances, 30 degrees below zero, it has stood the test of the trade and temperature, and is believed to be as permanent and durable as the material out of which it is constructed. This structure is of the Murphy Whipple plan, and is one of many that have been built within the last few years with the same signal success. We take the liberty of referring you to another heavy structure of 155 feet span, built for the North Pennsylvania Rail Road, near Bethlehem, as well as some seven other Roadway Bridges which we have constructed for the Beals (Government) Wagon Route to the Pacific. Should you contemplate the erection of any Bridges, we should be glad to hear from you.

JOHN W. MURPHY, Engineer.



The Photographs by Langureren, Philad's. Views taken to order saywhere to the United States. For particulars, Address F. Languneren.

A. & P. ROBERTS.

Advertising stereograph, front and rear, Full size.

MANUFACTURERS OF Open Hearth Steel

Structural Shapes,

Bars, Shafting, Car and Engine Axles.

PENCOYD IRON WORKS PERCIVAL ROBERTS, JR., President. J. W. DAVIS, Suc. and Treas. P. W. ROBERTS, Vice-Pres. P. W. ROBERTS, Vice-Pres.

A. & P. Roberts Company

DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS OF

Train-Sheds, Viaducts,

Bridges,

Elevated Railroads and all Steel Structures.

PENNSYLVANIA

Philadelphia (continued)

Pencoyd Iron Works

1887-1900

Operated by A. and P. Roberts Company. Iron production began about 1852 and bridge fabrication 1887. Acquired by American Bridge Company in 1900. Sometimes called Pencoyd Bridge and Construction Company. Office at Philadelphia, shop at Pencoyd.

Pennsylvania (or Penn?) Erecting Company

1901

Philadelphia Bridge Works

1877-1898

Shop at Pottstown, Started 1877 by Cofrode and Saylor. 1898 Directory gave owners as C.R. Baird and Company and stated that plant was idle and for sale. The plant was bought by Pottstown Bridge Company who sold it to McClintic-Marshall in 1900. The works were on the location of the repair shop of Philadelphia and Reading Railroad where the first American metal railroad bridge was constructed in 1845.



*Phoenix Bridge Company Formed 1884 from Clarke, Reeves and Company.

1884-1901

THE PHŒNIX BRIDGE COMPAN



RONDOUT BEIDGE.-BUILT FOR THE NEW YORK, WEST SHORE & SUPPALO RAILBOAT

ENGINEERS AND BUILDERS OF IRON & STEEL BRIDGES, VIADUOTS, ROOFS, ELEVATED BAILBOADS, OCEAN PIMES, TURN TABLES, MTC., MTC.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION ALL WORK DONE ON THE PREMISES From Ore to Finished Structure.

OFFICES: 410 WALNUT STREET, Philadelphia, Pa., 40 V STREET, New York City, and AT WORKS, Phonditville VID REEVES, President. ADOLPHUS BONZANO, Vin-Fresident and Colef Kog. WILLIAM H. BEEVES, General Separationdent. FRANK T. DAVIS Treasure.

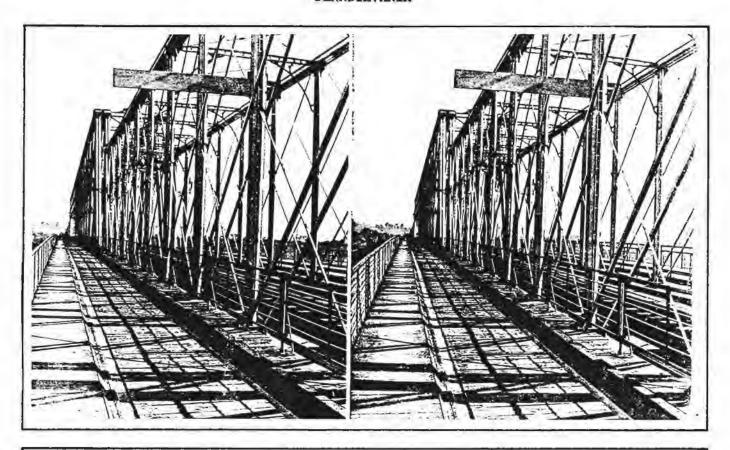
Phoenixville Bridge Works See Clarke, Reeves and Company. 1870-1884

A. and P. Roberts

Proprietors of Pencoyd Iron Works and sometimes listed instead of the fabricating company.

PENNSYLVANIA

Philadelphia (continued)	
Stacy, Opdyke, and Company	1899-1901
Possibly related to Benner and Opdyke.	1099-1901
Standard Roof and Bridge Company	1888-1896
Steele and Wike	1901
L. Sykes and Son	1888
Phoenixville	
Clarke, Reeves and Company	1070 1004
Proprietors of Phoenixville Bridge Works.	1870-1884
See listing under Philadelphia where office	
was located.	
J. Denithorne and Company	1888
Phoenix Bridge Company	1884-1901
See listing under Philadelphia.	1864-1901
Phoenix Iron Company	c1868
Built a 151 foot span for Smith, Latrobe and	C1000
Company (1866-1869). Such work probably 1ed the	
Reeves family, which controlled Phoenix Iron	
to form Clarke, Reeves and Company in 1870.	
*Schuylkill Bridge Works	1891-1899
John Denithorne Son and Company proprietor.	1071 1077
Name was used 1903 by Lewis F. Shoemaker for	
company located at Pottstown.	
Pittsburgh	
George R. Buchan	1899
Carnegie Steel Company	
Sometimes listed in the late 1890s instead	
of its subsidiary, Keystone Bridge Works.	
D.W.C. Carroll and Company	1888
Carroll Porter Boiler and Tank Company	1896-1901
H.E. Collins and Company	1898
Curran and Hussey	1896-1901
Ferris, Kaufman and Company	1896
*Fort Pitt Bridge Company	1896-1901
Bought Canonsburg shop of Pittsburgh	
Architectural Iron Works at sheriff's	
sale 7 May 1896.	
Sale / May 1050.	
*Heyl and Patterson	1890-1901
Started 1890.	1030-1301
Station 1070.	



Newport und Cinginnuti Fridge.

BUILT BY THE

Jenstone Pridge Company, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

RIVER SPANS.

Span No. 1, - 187 feet.

Span No. 2, - 418 feet.

Span No. 8, - 287 feet.

1871. RIVER SPANS.

Span No. 4, - 260 feet.

Span No. 3, - 202 feet.

Span No. 6. - 202 feet.

CHAS WALDACK, Photo.

PROM

J. H. HOOVER,

Wholesale & Retail Dealer in

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS,

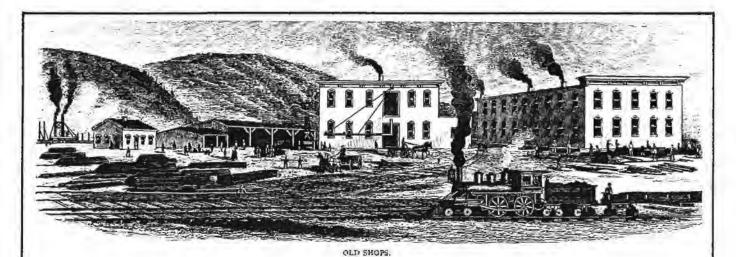
FRAMES, FIGTURES, &c.

No 150 Walnut St. CINCINNATI, O.

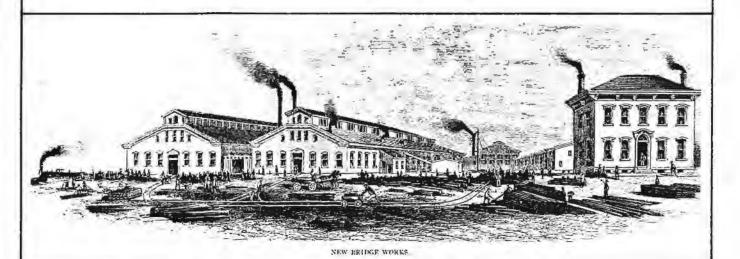
Advertising stereograph, front and rear. Full size.

PENNSYLVANIA

Pittsburgh (continued) Iron City Bridge Company	1876-1896
Gustave Kaufman	1899
Keystone Bridge Company Organized 1865 by Carnegie, Linville, Piper, Shiffler and others, and purchased plant of Piper and Schiffler, Became Keystone Bridge Works of Carnegie Steel Company between 1891 and 1894. Acquired by American Bridge Company in 1900.	
Keystone Bridge Company	1865-c1893
*Keystone Bridge Works	c1893-1900
George W. Knopf	1899
C.N. Kuntz	1901
James Lappan and Company	1888
McClintic-Marshall Construction Company Shop at Pottstown which was purchased from Pottstown Bridge Company. Formed 1900 by two officials of Shiffler Bridge Company who left when it was acquired by American Bridge Company.	1900–1901
C.J. McDonald	1896
Fred. K. Melber	1896-1901
Pennsylvania Construction Company	1896
Piper and Shiffler Organized in 1862 under the leadership of Andrew Carnegie. Became part of the newly formed Keystone Bridge Company in 1865.	1862-1865
Pittsburgh Architectural Iron Works Purchased land at Canonsburg in 1894 and built shop with cupola and 80 hp. Corliss engine. Plant sold by sheriff to Fort Pitt Bridge Company 7 May 1896.	1894-1896
Pittsburgh Bridge Company Established in 1878 and incorporated in 1881. Purchased by American Bridge Company in 1900.	1878-1900
Pittsburgh Iron and Steel Engineering Company	1896-1898
Pittsburgh Locomotive and Car Works Organized 1865 and absorbed by American Locomotive Company in 1901. Advertised 'iron or steel bridges' at unknown date.	

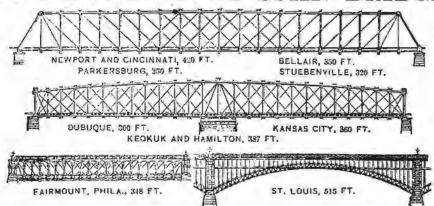


THE KEYSTONE BRIDGE COMPANY.



THE KEYSTONE

BUILDERS OF LONG SPAN BRIDGES.



Linville & Piper Patent Wrought Iron Bridges for Railways, Highways, Parks, Cities, &c. Improved Wrought Iron Turn-Tables, Iron Roca, Patent Tubular Columns and Weldless Eye Bars.

MAIN OFFICE AND WORKS-PITTSBURG, PA. WESTERN OFFICE—211 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

WESTERN OFFICE-211 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

J. H. LINVILLE, President, 426 WALNUT Street, PHILADELPH(A

PENNSYLVANIA

Pittsburgh (continued)

James M. Riter
Established business in 1863 and was killed in railroad accident in 1873. Concentrated on plate and tank work - perhaps for oil wells north on the Allegheny River.

1863-1873

Riter and Conley 1873-1898

Formed to continue James Riter's business by his brother Thomas and William B. Conley. Conley had provided the financial backing and was bookkeeper of the original firm while Thomas Riter had been shop foreman.

*Riter-Conley Manufacturing Company 1898-1901

Formed 1898 in reorganization of Riter and Conley.

*William B. Scaife and Sons 1883-1901

*Shiffler Bridge Company
Organized in 1870s and absorbed by

American Bridge Company in 1900. Shiffler had been treasurer and superintendent of Keystone Bridge. See Appendix C for comment about the expansion of late 1890s.

THE SHIFFLER BRIDGE WORKS,

J. W. WALKER, PROPRIETOR

DESIGNER AND MANUFACTURER OF STEEL,

IRON AND COMBINATION RAILROAD BRIDGES,

Iron Viaducts, Train Sheds, Girders, Roof Trusses, Iron Buildings, Etc.,
OFFICE AND WORKS: 48TH STREET AND A. V. R. R.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

E.L. Stratton and Company

Lewis Stratton

1896-1898

1899-1901

J.W. Walker
Sometimes listed as bridge builder although he was proprietor of Shiffler Bridge Company at the time.

Western Pennsylvania Bridge Works

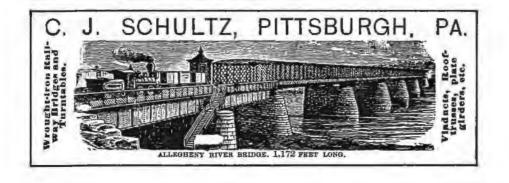
1888

Plattsville Bridge Company

1896-1898

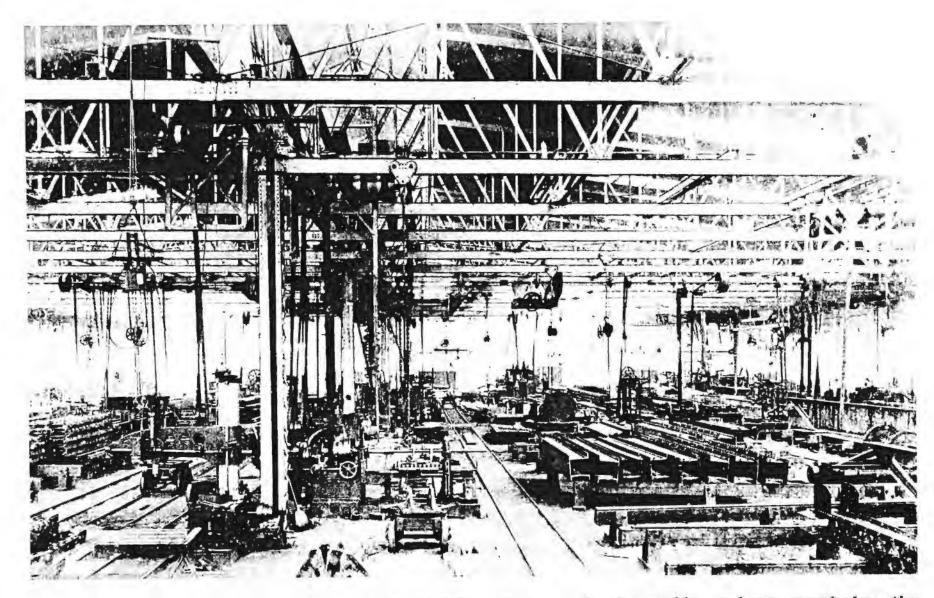
PENNSYLVANIA

Pottstown	
*McClintic-Marshall Construction Company	1900-1901
See listing under Pittsburgh.	2,00 2,02
*Philadelphia Bridge Works	1877-1898
See listing under Philadelphia.	
Pottstown Bridge Company	1899-1900
Purchased plant of Philadelphia Bridge Works and later sold it to McClintic-Marshall	
Construction Company.	
*Lewis F. Shoemaker and Company	1896-1901
Started 1896. Using name of Schuylkill Bridge Works in 1903.	
Pottsville	
*Pottsville Bridge Works	1891-1900
Operated by Pottsville Iron and Steel Company	
and the two were listed interchangeably. An	
1886 mill catalogue mentioned fabrication of roof trusses, columns, and girders. Berlin	
Construction Company leased shop in 1900.	
Reading	
Reading Rolling Mill Company	1896
Spartansburg	
F.C. Black	1901
Steelton	
Pennsylvania Steel Company	c1891-1901
Started steel production in 1867, and the fabrication shop began about 1891.	
Stroudsburg	
S.B. Palmer and Company	1891
Williamsport	
M.M. Perry	1899
York	25.0
S. Stouffer	1888



RHODE ISLAND

RHODE ISLAND	
Providence	
John A. Dailey	1883
Providence Architectural Iron and Metal Works	1888-1898
Providence Pile Driving and Bridge Building Company	1883-1888
James H. Tower	1879-1899
SOUTH CAROLINA	
Charleston H.W. Crouch and Brother	1896-1901
B.F. Kramer	1896-1901
TENNESSEE	
Chattanooga	100/ 1000
Cowan Bridge Company	1896-1898
George E. Crept	1896-1898
Ridgedale *Converse Bridge Company	1896-1901
TEXAS	
Austin	
C. Horton	1899-1901
Dallas	
George L. Austin and Brother	1899-1901
Harris and Leversedge	1896-1898
Fort Worth	
M.S. Hasie Jr.	1901
*Southwestern Bridge and Iron Company Plant under construction in 1894.	1894-1898
Houston	
E.P. Ashbury and Sou	1899-1901
B.A. Riesner	1896-1901
Southern Bridge and Construction Company	1899-1901
Waco	
Waco Bridge Company	1896-1901



A late-19th-century bridge shop. The tools for drilling, facing, and other machine work are ranged along the column line at center; bays for assembling are at either side. (Probably the King Bridge Company, Cleveland)

UTAH

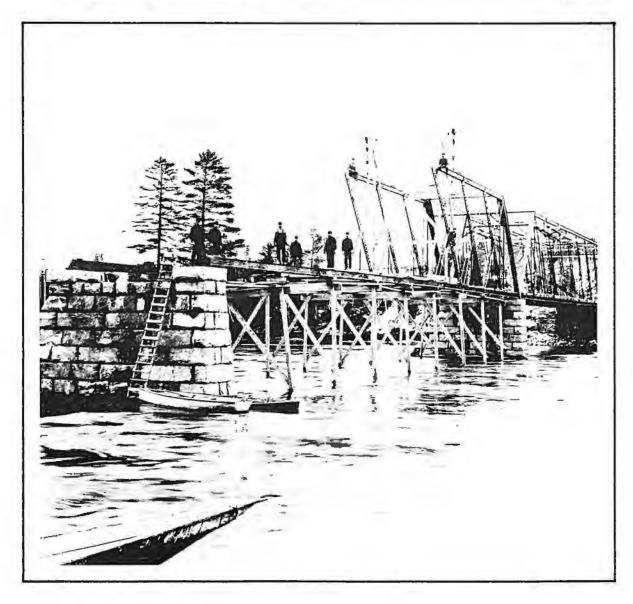
UTAR	
Ogden	
Andrews Bridge Company	1898-1901
Moved from Omaha, Nebraska.	
Salt Lake City	
Anderson Bridge Company	1898-1899
VERMONT	
Clarendon	
Nicholas M. Powers	1883
Rutland	4002 4006
C.H. Bagley	1883-1885
J.H. Holmes and Company	1896-1901
St. Albans	
*Vermont Construction Company	1890-1901
Organized by R.F. Hawkins who had a similar	
company at Springfield, Massachusetts.	
VIRGINIA	
Richmond	
Tredegar Iron Works	
Opened in 1837 and built several bridges in	
1861. Extent and duration of this activity	
unknown.	
Roanoke	
*American Bridge and Iron Company	1889-1895
Started in 1889 and reorganized as	
Virginia Bridge and Iron Company in 1895	
after financial problems.	
Cushman Iron Company	1896
Virginia Bridge and Iron Company	1895-190
Organized in 1895 from American Bridge and	2000 200
Iron Company. Later purchased by American	
Bridge Company.	
Salem	
Camden Iron Works	c1887-190
Established about 1887.	
WASHINGTON	
Seattle	
Allen and Nelson Mill Company	1896-190
Barrier Court Barrier Court	1901
Puget Sound Dredging Company	1301

WASHINGTON

Seattle (continued) Seattle Bridge Company	1901
Van Norman Bridge Company	1901
Tacoma N.W. Bridge Company	1899-1901
L. Vanden Stein	1896-1898
Tacoma Bridge and Construction Company	1896
WEST VIRGINIA	
Charlestown Charlestown Bridge Company	1899–1901
Vulcan Road Machine Company Proprietor of West Virginia Bridge Works but often listed in its own name.	1891-1901
Walker Brothers	1900
•West Virginia Bridge Works See Vulcan Road Machine Company.	1891-1901
Wheeling *West Virginia Bridge and Construction Company Incorporated 1894.	1894-1901
WISCONSIN	
Ashland E.E. Durkee Later at Phillips, Wisconsin.	1884-1892
De Pere John Grandville	1896-1898
Milwaukee *Milwaukee Bridge and Iron Works Founded in 1875. Cunningham and Keepers were proprietors in 1880, Keepers and Riddell in 1886, and J.G. Wagner Company from about 1895 until its absorption by American Bridge Company in 1900.	1875-1900
Milwaukee Bridge and Steam Forging Company	1888-1890
Milwaukee Variety Iron Works Riddell and Morris proprietors.	1895-1896
F. Weinhagen Earlier had been agent for Penn Bridge Company at Milwankee and later was connected with Wisconsin Bridge and Iron Company.	1887

WISCONSIN

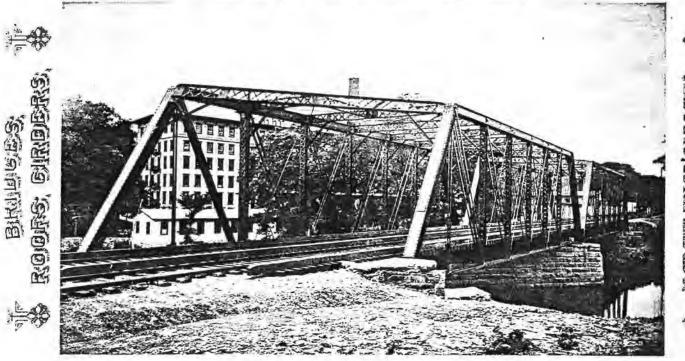
Milwaukee (continued)	
*Wisconsin Bridge and Iron Company	1891-1901
Neenah	
George Danielson	1885-1898
Ontario	
Ontario Iron Bridge Company	1897-1898
Phillips	
E.E. Durkee	1893-1899
Moved from Ashland, Wisconsin.	
Prairie du Sac	
Wisconsin Bridge Company	1897-1901
Watertown	
E. Kunnert Manufacturing Company	1893-1901













Blackstone River Bridge Prov. & Wor. R.R. 115 ft. Spans.

Structures built by us, nearly all of which are from our own designs.

Cheapside Bridge, over Deerfield River, for Connecticut River R. R.,					. Length 710 feet
Connecticut River Bridge, Double Track, for Fitchburg R. R.,					. " 650 feet
Blackstone River Bridge, Double Track, for Providence & Worcester	R. R.,		•		. " 230 feet
Canal Bridge, Lowell, Mass., Three Tracks, Boston & Lowell R. R.,	*				Span 160 feet
Cocheco River Bridge, Double Track, Boston & Maine R. R.,				4	. " 160 feet
Fitchburg and Boston & Lowell R. R., crossing Somerville, Three Tr.	acks, F	. & B.	& L. I	R. R's,	. " riz feet
Biddeford Bridges, Double Track, Boston & Maine R. R., .		*			Spans, 120, 104, 124 feet
High Viaducts, height 61 feet, Manchester & Keene R. R., .		4	•		. Total length 1075 feet
Seakonk River Bridge, with 215 feet draw, City of Providence,			*=		. Total length, 1250 feet
Broadway Bridge, City of Boston,					Width 60 feet, span 155 feet
Groveland Bridge, with 168 feet draw, over Merrimack River,					. Total length, 800 feet
Deer Island Bridge, with draw 154 feet over Merrimack River,				•	. Total length, 404 feet

AND MANY OTHERS OF VARIOUS DIMENSIONS.

Also, many large Iron Roofs, of which the New England Manufacturers Institute Building, Boston, covering five acres, and containing 850 tons of iron truss work, is a fair example.

In addition to our regular bridge work, we have manufactured a large number of superior wronght-iron Turn-tables which are now in satisfactory use on many of the leading railroads of the country, of which the following may be named: Boston & Albany R. R., Baltimore & Ohio R. R., Atlantic & Pacific R. R., Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R., Mexican Central R. R., Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific R. R., Cincinnati Southern R. R.

Yours respectfully,

BOSTON BRIDGE WORKS.

SHOP CAPACITIES IN THE 1890s

The 1894 Directory of the American Iron and Steel Association was the first to provide annual capacity data for the larger bridge shops, and they provide a measure of the industry and each company's share. Unfortunately there is no issue closer to our termination date than the 1903 Supplement, corrected to January 1903. Material from that issue is included for companies named in this guide although some figures undoubtedly include plant expansions after 31 December 1900.

Annual Operating Capacities in units of 1,000 long tons

	1894	1896	1898	1903
Alabama				
Alabama Bridge and Boiler Works	- '	-	1.5	-
Southern Bridge Company	-	0.5	1.0	1.0
<u>California</u>		100		
Judson Manufacturing Company	NR	NR	6.0	12.0
Pacific Rolling Mill Company	2.0	6.0	6.0	_
Phelps Manufacturing Company	NR	NR	NR	-
Connecticut				
Berlin Construction Company	-	-	-	6.0
Berlin Iron Bridge Company	10.0	12.0	12.0	(18.0)
Delaware				
Edge Moor Bridge Works	30.0	30.0	40.0	(30.0)
<u>Illinois</u>				
American Bridge Works	30.0	30.0	30.0	(24.0)
Chicago Bridge and Iron Company	15.0	10.0	10.0	12.0
Illinois Bridge and Iron Company	-		-	1.0
Joliet Bridge and Iron Company	-	-	5.0	10.0
Kenwood Bridge Company	2.4	6.5	6.5	10.0
Lane Bridge and Iron Works	6.0	-	-	-
Lassig Bridge and Iron Works	15.0	15.0	25.0	(54.0)
A. Lucas and Sons	-	-	-	3.0
Springfield Bridge and Iron Company	-	-	-	5.0
Universal Construction Company	-	-	12.0	-
Western Bridge Company	-	-	-	NR
Indiana				
Attica Bridge Company	-	-	- B	1.5
Indiana Bridge Company	3.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Indianapolis Bridge and Iron	-	-	6.0	6.0
Lafayette Bridge Company	NR	5.0	5.0	(3.6)
New Castle Bridge Company	-	-	-	5.0

	1894	1896	1898	1903
V 41 /41				
Indiana (continued) Thatcher A. Parker	_	_	-	2.0
Rochester Bridge Company	_	_	_	0.7
Terre Haute Bridge Company	_	_	5.0	
Wabash Bridge and Iron Company	_	NR	NR	7.5
WEDESH Dilege and lion company				'**
Iowa				
Clinton Bridge and Iron Works	+5.5	*5.5	*5.5	10.0
Des Moines Bridge and Iron Works	-	_	-	4.0
Fair-Williams Bridge and				
Manufacturing Company	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
Marshalltown Bridge	-	NR	NR	2.5
Kansas			10.0	,, ,
Missouri Valley Bridge and Iron Works	20.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
W. Andrew Territoria				
Kentucky Louisville Bridge and Iron Company	7,5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Louisville Bridge and Iron Company	7,5	(7.5	''
Maryland				
Enterprise Iron Works	-	2.0	-	-
Maryland Steel Company	-	10.0	10,0	{ -
Structural Iron Company	-	-	5.0	i – I
. ·				
Massachusetts				
Boston Bridge Works	10.0	10.0	10.0	15.0
Eastern Bridge and Structural Company	-	-	-	3.0
R.F. Hawkins Iron Works	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
New England Structural Company	-	_	7.0	17.0
Springfield Construction Company	-	_	3.0	6.0
APT 12				
Michigan	12.0	12.0	12,0	(16.8)
Detroit Bridge and Iron Works Jackson Bridge and Iron Company	2.0	2.0	12.0	(10.8)
Jackson Bridge and from Company	2.0	2.0		
Minnesota				
Gillette-Herzog Manufacturing Company	*6.5	7,0	10.0	(16.8)
St. Paul Foundry Company	_	_	_	7.0
200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200				
Missouri				
Koken Iron Works	-	2.0	2.0	10.0
St. Joseph Bridge and Iron Company	1.8	1.8	1.8	-
Stupp Brothers Bridge and Iron Company	10.0	8.0	4.0	6.0
New Jersey	1.5.0	12 €	24.0	60.0
Passaic Rolling Mill Company	15.0	13.5 24.0	30.0	(36.0)
Trenton Iron Works	24.0	24,0	30.0	\'30.0/
·	, ,	•	•	

	1894	1896	1898	1903
Naw York	<u> </u>			
New York Buffalo Bridge and Iron Works	6.0	7.5	7.5	(7.2)
Buffalo Structural Steel Company	"."	'.'	-	6.0
J.B. and J.M. Cornell			_	50.0
Elmira Bridge Company, Ltd.	15.0	30.0	30.0	(31.8)(a)
Groton Bridge and Manufacturing Company	10.0	10.0	10.0	6.0
Havana Bridge Works	10.0	5.0	5.0	"-"
Hilton Bridge Construction Company	5.0	7.5	7.5	(4.8)
Horseheads Bridge Company	1.5	1.5	3.5	(a)
Jackson Architectural Iron Works	1.3	1.3	→	NR
Kellogg Iron Bridge Works	26.0		_	-
Lane Bridge Works	20.0		NR	1.0
Levering and Garrigues (b)	_	_	-	15.0
Milliken Brothers	_	_	_	36.0
Owego Bridge Company	NR.	NR	8.0	9.6
Post and McCord	9.0	9.0	15.0	(30.0)
Rochester Bridge and Iron Works	12.0	12.0	12.0	(7.2)
Shepard Bridge Works	NR			``'
200F4-6 2120P4 1147777				: I
Ohio	l			
Bellefontaine Bridge and Iron	i –	NR	5.0	5.0
Brackett Bridge Company	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Buchanan Bridge Company	NIR	_	-	
Canton Bridge Company	3.5	3.5	3.5	5.0
Champion Bridge Company	NR	2.0	3,0	3.0
Champion Iron Company	_	5.0	NR	NR
Iron Substructure Company	-	NR.	5.0	5.0
King Bridge Company	18.0	20.0	20.0	30.0
Massillon Bridge Company	6.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Mount Vernon Bridge Company	9.0	_	_	- 1
New Columbus Bridge Company	3.6	5.8	5.8	(4.8)
Oregonia Bridge Company	_	-	2.0	2.0
Portsmouth Structural Steel and Iron	_	_	NR	-
Rogers Iron Company] –	_	NR	1.0
L. Schreiber and Sons Company	l –	_	NR	-
Stacey Manufacturing Company	NIR	-	_	-
Standard Boiler and Bridge Company	NR	NR	_	-
Toledo Bridge Company	6.0	10.0	10.0	(36.0)
Variety Iron Works	*3.5	6.0	7.5	10.0
Wrought Iron Bridge Company	10.0	10.0	10.0	(12.0)
Youngstown Bridge Company	6,0	7.5	10.0	(14.4)
Oregon]
Portland Bridge and Building Company	-	_	-	NR 1
				ļ
Pennsylvania	1			
Allentown Rollings Mills	-	3.0	3.0	3.0
Dauphin Bridge and Construction Company	-	-	6.0	5.0
Fort Pitt Bridge Company	-	_	12.0	30.0
Heyl and Patterson			_	4.8
Keystone Bridge Works	*18.5	35.0	50.0	(48.0)
	I .	I .		4 1

	1894	1896	1898	1903
Pennsylvania (continued)				
Keystone Structural Company	_	6.0	6.0	6.0
McClintic-Marshall: Pittsburgh	l –	_	_	50.0
McClintic-Marshall: Pottstown	-	l –	_	35.0
Pencoyd Iron Works	40.0	*45.0	50.0	(84.0)
Penn Bridge Company	5.0	5.0	5.0	10.0
Pennsylvania Steel Company	12.0	16.0	*27.5	+35.0
Philadelphia Bridge Works	•19.0	*19.0	+19.0	-
Phoenix Bridge Company	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Pittsburgh Architectural Iron Works	-	•14.3	_	-
Pittsburgh Bridge Company	10.0	12.0	10.0	(18.0)
Pottsville Iron and Steel Company	7.5	7.5	7.5	-
Riter-Conley Manufacturing Company	_	-	-	10.0 (
William B. Scaife and Sons Company	_	-	_	30.0
Schultz Bridge Iron Company	10.0	10.0	10.0	(10.8)
Schuylkill Bridge: Denithorne	_	_	*0.8	-
Schuylkill Bridge: Shoemaker	_	-	-	10.0
Shiffler Bridge Company	10.0	12.0	15.0	(24.0) (
Union Bridge Company	+16.5	+16.5	25.0	(15.0)
			Į.	1
Tennessee			1	1 1
Converse Bridge Company	_	-	1.0	2.5
Texas				
Southwestern Bridge and Iron Company	bldg.	2.0	2.0	-
		-,-		
Vermont				1 1
Vermont Construction Company	2.0	2.0	2.0	-
		ŀ		
Virginia Poidos and Isaa Constant	3.0	l _	l _	_
American Bridge and Iron Company	3.0	4.0	4.0	10.0
Virginia Bridge and Iron Company		4.0	4.0	10.0
West Virgnia				
West Virginia Bridge (Vulcan)	NR	1.2	1,2	-
West Virginia Bridge and Construction	_	-	_	10.0
West transfer and the second s				
Wisconsin				
Milwaukee Bridge and Iron Works	4.0	8.0	8.0	(12.0)
Wisconsin Bridge and Iron Company	3.0	5.0	10.0	15.0
		 	 	\vdash
TOTAL REPORTED	603.3	691.1	854.1	-
TOTAL REPORTED	603.3	691.1	854.1	_

NOTES

- Company not listed.
- NR Company listed but capacity not recorded.
- () Plant part of American Bridge. Smaller capacities may be result of elimination of duplicate facilities.
- Capacity reported as range (6,000 to 8,000 tons); the average is entered in table.
- (a) 1903 capacity of Horseheads included in Elmira's.
- (b) Previously located at Philadelphia, the office had been moved to New York City and the shop was at New Market, New Jersey.
- (c) Listed in Directory as 100,000 tons. As this was twice the size of Keystone Bridge it has been assumed that a decimal error had been made.
- (d) See Appendix C for comment about Shiffler's Walker Shop which is not included in this table.

APPENDIX B

THE AMERICAN BRIDGE COMPANY OF 1870

This Chicago company was one of the largest of its period, comparable in size to Keystone Bridge Company and Clarke, Reeves and Company, both of which started about the same time. Its contracts ranged from Texas, through the Midwest, to New England, where a two-level railroad and highway bridge was built at Fall River, Massachusetts. In addition to the usual structures the company built the Point Bridge at Pittsburgh, an 800-foot suspension bridge supported by trussed eyebars, and part of the Ninth Avenue El in New York City.

It was organized in 1870 by Lucius B. Boomer with some of his former associates. Boomer had formed L.B. Boomer and Company in 1849 after coming to Chicago from Massachusetts. Two years later he was joined by his brother-in-law Andros B. Stone and they operated as Stone and Boomer. Stone's brother, Amasa Stone, Jr., was the brother-in-law of William Howe who had developed the widely used Howe truss, and both the Stones had built Howe's patented bridges in the Springfield, Massachusetts area as had Boomer. Stone and Boomer constructed the first railroad bridge across the Mississippi at Rock Island and built many others throughout the Midwest, some of them for Amasa Stone, Jr., who had moved to Cleveland and become a railroad contractor. After their shop was destroyed by fire in 1857, Stone moved to Cleveland, but Boomer stayed and operated the Boomer Bridge Works.

American Bridge's general agent was L.C. Boyington who had worked on the Rock Island bridge and had been Boomer's partner for a brief period. H.A. Rust, a former employee of Boomer and later a partner of Boyington, was vice president, and Moritz Lassig, also employed at Rock Island, was general superintendent. An 1875 advertisement showed several changes. Boyington no longer was listed. Boomer had retired and his former partner, A.B. Stone, was president although living in New York City. Lassig had left after one year to form his own company. Rust still was vice president and had added the duties of general superintendent. A new name was that of W.G. Coolidge, engineer and secretary. The plant had about three acres under roof on a thirty-two acre site and included besides the usual shops a foundry with a daily melting capacity of fifty tons. The equipment also included floating pile drivers and barges as the firm's contracts sometimes included the bridge foundations.

A railroad bridge across the Hudson at Poughkeepsie, New York had been discussed for years. The State finally approved the idea in 1871, but financial problems halted the first attempt after a contract had been signed with Keystone Bridge Company. In 1876 the promoting company received new proposals that included not only foundations and superstructure but also assistance in raising funds or accepting partial payment in stock. American Bridge received the contract and as part of the agreement A.B. Stone became head of the Poughkeepsie Bridge Company so that he was both customer and supplier. Even this arrangement did not save American Bridge. The cofferdam for pier #2 failed in 1877 and this, combined with troubles on other contracts and general business conditions, forced the company into liquidation the following year.

APPENDIX B

Rust and Coolidge, formerly vice president and secretary, began operating the plant in 1878 and continued until Chicago Forge and Bolt Company leased it in 1885 and bought it soon afterwards. In both instances the new operators used their own names, and the American Bridge Company name disappeared after nine years. When that name reappeared it was borne by a completely new concern. In 1891 a new company, the American Bridge Works, was organized and leased the shop from Chicago Forge. They purchased it in 1895, and five years later sold the business to J.P. Morgan's just organized American Bridge Company.

APPENDIX C

THE AMERICAN BRIDGE COMPANY OF 1900

After more than a year of rumors and speculative articles the American Bridge Company was formally organized by J.P. Morgan and Company and incorporated in New Jersey on 14 April 1900. It was an independent company for less than a year as most of its stock was acquired by United States Steel Corporation, of which it became a subsidiary on 1 April 1901. However, this development did not affect its corporate organization. Statutory offices were maintained in New Jersey, and the headquarters were in New York City until 16 May 1901, then in Philadelphia until 1 April 1904, and finally in Pittsburgh.

Twenty-four companies, fifty percent of the nation's fabricating capacity, were purchased the first year. Those in New York State became part of a subsidiary, Empire Bridge Company, which started at the same time as its parent and existed until 2 July 1914. The others apparently reported directly to the main headquarters except, perhaps, for A. and P. Roberts Company (Pencoyd Iron Works) which had its own company officers, and the precise relationship here is not known. In addition to Empire Bridge there was another subsidiary, American Bridge Company of New York, which was responsible for all sales, contracts, and erection from 10 January 1901 until 31 December 1913. It is not known how the activities at each plant were fitted into this corporate structure, especially with A. and P. Roberts and Empire Bridge, but there was some degree of central control as shop drawings sometimes were made at one office and distributed to several different shops for fabrication.

As American Bridge's organization matured some shops were expanded, others closed, and the huge plant at Ambridge (formerly Economy), Pennsylvania constructed. When completed in 1903 its capacity was triple that of the previous record holder and was roughly equal to the combined capacity of the five largest companies bought by American Bridge. Part of the site had been purchased by Berlin Iron Bridge Company in 1899 for a western division, but the final plans were so much expanded that more land was acquired.

The twenty-four companies acquired in 1900 were:

American Bridge Works, Chicago, Illinois
Berlin Iron Bridge Company, Berlin, Connecticut
Buffalo Bridge and Iron Works, Buffalo, New York
Edge Moor Bridge Works, Wilmington, Delaware
Elmira Bridge Company Ltd., Elmira, New York
Gillette-Herzog Manufacturing Company, Minneapolis, Minnesota
Groton Bridge and Manufacturing Company, Groton, New York
Bilton Bridge Construction Company, Albany, New York
Horseheads Bridge Company, Horseheads, New York
Keystone Bridge Works, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
(from Carnegie Steel Company, Limited)
Lafayette Bridge Company, Lafayette, Indiana
Lassig Bridge and Iron Works, Chicago, Illinois
Milwaukee Bridge and Iron Works, Milwaukee, Wisconsin
(from J.G. Wagner Company)

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New Columbus Bridge Company, Columbus, Ohio
Pencoyd Iron Works, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
(A. and P. Roberts Company)
Pittsburgh Bridge Company, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Post and McCord, New York, New York
Rochester Bridge and Iron Works, Rochester, New York
Schultz Bridge Iron Company, McKees Rocks, Pennsylvania
Shiffler Bridge Company, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Trenton Iron Works, Trenton, New Jersey
(New Jersey Steel and Iron Company)
Union Bridge Company, New York, New York
(plant at Athens, Pennsylvania)
Wrought Iron Bridge Company, Canton, Ohio
Youngstown Bridge Company, Youngstown, Ohio

Several other large fabricators-Passaic Rolling Mill, King Bridge, and Phoenix Bridge-had been linked to the new company in the speculative articles, but they remained independent.

To complete the history of American Bridge's expansion it is necessary to go into the twentieth century. The later additions were:

Toledo Bridge Company, Toledo Ohio (1901)
Detroit Bridge and Iron Works, Detroit, Michigan (1902)
Koken Iron Works, St. Louis, Missouri (between 1912 and 1916)
Virginia Bridge and Iron Company, Roanoke, Virginia (1936)

In 1955 United States Steel transferred three shops from its Consolidated Western Steel Division to American Bridge. All in Los Angeles, California, they originally were Baker Iron Works (founded 1872), Llwellyn Iron Works (1884), and Union Iron Works (1884). They had joined to form Consolidated Steel in 1928. This later became part of Consolidated Western Steel Corporation which United States Steel bought in 1948.

Alabama Bridge and Iron Company is listed as one of American Bridge's acquisitions in Talbot's American Bridge Company History and Organization. Although its date of incorporation is given as 4 August 1900, it was not listed in the American Iron and Steel Association directories of 1903, 1908, or 1916 as either an independent company or a part of American Bridge. For this reason, and also because a location is not given, the company is not included in the directory portion of this work or the list of acquisitions.

The AISA directories of 1903 and 1906 offer a puzzle concerning one of American Bridge's shops as they include 'Walker Plant, West Homestead, Pennsylvania, Annual capacity 16,000 tons. (Formerly operated by the Shiffler Bridge Company.)' Earlier directories: 1894, 1896, and 1898, do not include any such plant, and it would appear that Shiffler had started an expansion between 1898 and the formation of American Bridge. Perhaps this shop, which doubled Shiffler's capacity, and Berlin Iron Bridge's start of a second plant provided the impetus for the formation of the bridge combine.

APPENDIX D

SOME ITINERANT ENTREPRENEURS

While most men remained with the same company, or at least in the same area, for most of their working lives, others moved and held several important positions. These individuals may not have been typical, but their movements show the restless nature of the developing industry. Also they were channels for the diffusion of engineering and construction ideas. Frequently the obituaries and memoirs do not record all the company associations. So that the information gathered in compiling the directory will be available, the more important affiliations of a few of the more notable participants are listed. The two Charles Kelloggs are included not only for their multiple companies but also to distinguish between the two competitors, who lived within 140 miles of one another.

Thomas C. Clarke 1827-1901

Kellogg, Clarke and Company	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	1868-1870
Clarke, Reeves and Company	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	1870-1883
Union Bridge Company	New York, New York	1884-1887

His memoir in the Transactions of the American Society of Civil Engineers states 'Mr. Clarke had intended to study the Law; but being in delicate health at that time, he decided to adopt the profession of Civil Engineering.' (The present author, a civil engineer, refrains from comment.)

Charles Kellogg

wood railroad bridges	north central Pennsylvania	c1865-1871
Kellogg and Maurice	Athens, Pennsylvania	1871-1884
Union Bridge Company	Athens, Pennsylvania	1884-1887
Elmira Bridge Company, Ltd.	Elmira, New York	1889-c1892
Charl	es Kellogg -1891	
Charles Kellogg and Company	Detroit, Michigan	1857-1863
Superintendent of Detroit Bridge and Iron Works	Detroit, Michigan	1863-1868
Kellogg, Clarke and Company	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	1868-1870

Charles A. MacDonald 1837-1928

Buffalo, New York

1870-1881

Burton and MacDonald	New York, New York	1870
consulting engineer	New York, New York	1871-1872
Delaware Bridge Company (a)	-	1880-1883
Union Bridge Company	New York, New York	1884-1900
American Bridge Company	New York, New York	1900-1901

Kellogg Bridge Company

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Thomas W.H. Moseley 1813-1880

Moseley and Company	Cincinnati, Ohio	1856-1861
Moseley Iron Building Works	Boston, Massachusetts	1861-1871
Moseley Iron Bridge and		
Roof Company (b)	New York, New York	1867-1880
office, perhaps no shop	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	1876

Moseley sometimes was referred to as 'General' as he had been Adjutant General for Ohio during the Mexican War.

James W. Shipman

Manufacturer of bridges		
and axles	Van Hornesville, New York	1856
Coshocton Iron Works	Coshocton, Ohio	1861-1874
Cincinnati Bridge Company	Cincinneti, Ohio	1873-1877
New York Bridge Company submitted bids for bridges at Lowell, Massachusetts	New York, New York	1877
in his own name	New York, New York	1880-1881

Shipman was a nephew of Squire Whipple, the pioneer designer and builder of iron bridges.

NOTES

⁽a) It is not known when MacDonald became associated with Delaware Bridge or if he remained in New York City even though the shop was at Trenton, New Jersey.

⁽b) The company continued long after his death. It was listed in directories until 1905.

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A

Abbott, Job
See Wrought Iron Bridge Company
Abbott-Gamble Contracting Company
Adams, (J.D.) and Company
Agawam Foundry
Alabama Bridge and Boiler Company
Alabama Bridge Company
Alabama Bridge and Iron Company
Alabama Bridge and Iron Works
Albany Iron and Machine Works
Albany Iron Works
Albany Iron Works
Albree, Chester B.
Albuquerque Bridge Company
Alden, John

See Alden and Lassig Bridge Works
and Lassig and Alden Bridge and Iron Works
Alden and Lassig Bridge Works
Alexander Iron Works
Allen and Nelson Mill Company
Allentown Rolling Mill Company
American Bridge Company (1870)
Also see Appendix B

American Bridge Company (1900)
Also see Appendix C
American Bridge and Contract Company
American Bridge and Iron Company
American Bridge Works
Anderson Bridge Company

Anderson Bridge Company
Andrews, D.H.
Andrews Bridge Company
Architectural Iron Works
Armstrong and Printzenhoff
Ashbury, (E.P.) and Son
Atkinson Brothers and Company
Atlanta Bridge and Axle Company
Altanta Bridge Works
Atlantic Bridge Works
Atlas Iron Construction Company
Attica Bridge Company
Austin, (George L.) and Brother

Canton, Ohio
St. Louis, Missouri
Indianapolis, Indiana
Springfield, Massachusetts
Birmingham, Alabama
Jasper, Alabama
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Albany, New York
Albany, New York
Albany, New York
Allegheny, Pennsylvania
Albuquerque, New Mexico

Rochester, New York Chicago, Illinois Rochester, New York Syracuse, New York Seattle, Washington Allentown, Pennsylvania Chicago, Illinois

New York, New York

Portland, Oregon Roanoke, Virginia Chicago, Illinois Salt Lake City, Utah Boston, Massachusetts Omaha, Neb and Ogden, Utah New York, New York Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Houston, Texas Colorado Springs, Colorado Atlanta, Georgia Atlanta, Georgia New York, New York New York, New York Attica, Indiana Dallas, Texas Chicago, Illinois

B

Badger, Daniel
See Architectural Iron Works
Bagley, C.H.
Baird, (C.R.) and Company
See Philadelphia Bridge Works
Baker Iron Works

Austin Bridge Company

New York, New York Rutland, Vermont

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Los Angeles, California

Ball, Charles H. Baltimore Bridge Company Barnes Culvert Bridge Company Barrett Bridge Company Bartlett, Hayward and Company Bay City Iron works Beardsley, Miles B. Bellefontaine Bridge and Iron Company Bemis and Krum Benner and Opdyke Bennett, (W.F.) and Company Bentley Construction Company Berlin Construction Company Berlin Iron Bridge Company Birmingham Bridge and Bolt Works Birmingham Bridge Company Black, F.C. Black, William A. See Urbana Bridge Company Blagen, N.J. Bleir, (B.L.) and Company Blaise, E. Blake and Duffy Blodgett and Curry See National Bridge and Iron Works Bogert and Carlough Company Boller, Alfred P. Bollman, Wendel See Patapsco Bridge and Iron Works Bollman, (W.) and Company Boody, Azariah See chronological list of companies Boody, Stone and Company Boody, Stone and Harris Boomer, L.B. (and Company) Boomer, Boyington and Company See Boomer, L.B. Boomer Bridge Works See Boomer, L.B. Bornemann, (August) and Sons Boston Bridge Works Boston Steel and Iron Company Boyington and Rust Brackett Bridge Company Bradbury and Spencer Braun, Joseph Brenneman, J.E. Briggs, Albert D. See Harris, Briggs, and Company Briggs, (A.D.) and Company Brown, E.G. Brown and Lucius Buchan, George R.

Buchanan Bridge Company

East Windsor, Massachusetts Baltimore, Maryland Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Port Jervis, New York Baltimore, Maryland San Francisco, California Bridgeport, Connecticut Bellefontaine, Ohio Sidney, Ohio Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Portland, Maine Portland, Oregon Berlin, Connecticut Berlin, Connecticut Birmingham, Alabama Birmingham, Alabama Spartansburg, Pennsylvania

Urbana, Ohio Portland, Oregon Indianapolis, Indiana Sigourney, Iowa New York, New York

Boston, Massachusetts Paterson, New Jersey New York, New York

Baltimore, Maryland Baltimore, Maryland

Springfield, Massachusetts Springfield, Massachusetts Springfield, Massachusetts Chicago, Illinois

Chicago, Illinois

Chicago, Illinois
Lancaster, Ohio
Boston, Massachusetts
Boston, Massachusetts
Chicago, Illinois
Cincinnati, Ohio
Oregonia, Ohio
Columbus, Ohio
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Springfield, Massachusetts Springfield, Massachusetts Elizabeth, New Jersey New York, New York Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Bellefontaine, Ohio

Buckeye Bridge and Boiler Works Buckeye Bridge Company Buddington, J.B. Buffalo Bridge and Iron Works Buffalo Engineering Company Buffalo Structural Steel Works Bullen, C.A. Bullen Bridge Company Burchinal and Hurtzog Burrall, W.H. See Hawkins, Herthal and Burrall Burrows, O.R. Burton and MacDonald

Butler, John

Butler, Ryan Company

Cleveland, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio New Haven, Connecticut Buffalo, New York Buffalo, New York Buffalo, New York Portland, Oregon Portland, Oregon Monroe, Iowa

Springfield, Massachusetts Minneapolis, Minnesota New York, New York and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Somerville, Massachusetts St. Paul, Minnesota

C

California Bridge Company California Bridge and Construction Company Camden Iron Works Campbell, C.E.H. Campbell and Zell Company Canda, F.E. Canton Bridge Company Carnegie Steel Company Carrere and Haas Carroll, (D.W.C.) and Company Carroll Porter Boiler and Tank Company Cartter, (M.S.) and Company Cavanagh, G.H. Central Bridge Company Central Bridge Company Champion Bridge Company Champion Iron Bridge Company

Champion Iron Bridge and Manufacturing Company Champion Iron Company Chapin, (N.) and Company Chapin and Wells Charlestown Bridge Company Chicago Bridge and Iron Company Chicago Forge and Bolt Company Chicago Timber and Bridge Company Cincinnati Architectural Iron Works Cincinnati Bridge Company (1873) Cincinnati Bridge Company (1896) Clark, Henry Clark, John See Bollman, (W.) and Company Clarke, (J.G.) and Company Clarke, Thomas C.

Clarke Bridge Company

San Francisco, California San Francisco, California Salem, Virginia Council Bluffs, Iowa Baltimore, Maryland Chicago, Illinois Canton, Ohio Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania New York, New York Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania St. Louis, Missouri Boston, Massachusetts Buffalo, New York St. Louis, Missouri Wilmington, Ohio Hamilton, Ohio and Wilmington, Ohio Wilmington, Ohio Kenton, Ohio Chicago, Illinois Chicago, Illinois Charlestown, West Virginia Chicago, Illinois Chicago, Illinois Chicago, Illinois Cincinnati, Ohio Cincinnati, Ohio Cincinnati, Ohio Buffalo, New York

Baltimore, Maryland Baltimore, Maryland Appendix D Baltimore, Maryland

Clarke, Reeves and Company Clayton, Jno. V. Cleveland Bridge and Car Works Cleveland Bridge Company Cleveland Bridge and Iron Company Cleveland Erecting Company Clinton Bridge Company Clinton Bridge and Iron Works Clinton Smith Bridge Company Cody, (Joseph) and Son Cofrode, (J.H.) and Company Cofrode and Evans Cofrode and Saylor Colburn, (A.W.) and Company Collins, (H.E.) and Company Columbia Bridge Company Columbia Bridge Company Columbus Bridge Company Comins, Reuben Conley, William B. See Riter and Conley

Consolidated Steel Corporation
Consolidated Western Steel Corporation
Continental Bridge Company
Converse Bridge Company
Coolidge, (W.G.) and Company
Cooper, Hewitt and Company
Cooper and Nash
Cooper and Wigand
Cornell, J.B. and J.M.
Corning, (Edward) and Company
Coronado Foundry and Machine Company
Corrugated Metal Company

See Berlin Iron Bridge Company
Coshocton Iron Works
Cotton Brothers and Company
Cowan Bridge Company
Cowin, William
Crept, George E.
Crisle and Conkey
Crouch, (H.W.) and Brothers
Cunningham and Keepers

See Milwaukee Bridge and Iron Works Curran and Hussey Cushman Iron Company

D

Dailey, John A.
Daniels, Joseph
Daniels, Stephen
Danielson, G.
Dauphin Bridge and Construction Company
Dayton Architectural Iron Works
Dayton Bridge Company
Dean and Westbrook

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Springfield, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Clinton, Iowa Clinton. Iowa Cleveland, Ohio Peoria, Illinois Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Northborough. Massachusetts Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Dayton, Ohio Portland, Oregon Columbus, Ohio Troy, New York

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
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Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Ridgedale, Tennessee
Chicago, Illinois
New York, New York
Fort Edward, New York
New York, New York
New York, New York
New York, New York
New York, New York
Coronado, California

Berlin, Connecticut
Coshocton, Ohio
Oakland, California
Chattanooga, Tennessee
Lambertville, New Jersey
Chattanooga, Tennessee
Evansville, Indiana
Charleston, South Carolina

Milwaukee, Wisconsin Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Roanoke, Virginia

Providence, Rhode Island Rockville, Indiana Marietta, Ohio Neenah, Wisconsin Dauphin, Pennsylvania Dayton, Ohio Dayton, Ohio New York, New York

Decatur Bridge and Construction Company DeGraff, Simon Delaplaine and West Delaware Bridge Company Delaware Construction Company Denithorne, (John) Son and Company See Schuylkill Bridge Company Denmead, (A. and W.) and Sons Denton, Gilbert H. Des Moines Bridge and Iron Works Des Moines Manufacturing and Supply Company Detroit Bridge and Iron Works Dibley and Robinson Dildine Bridge and Construction Company Diver. (J.B.) and Company Dobbins, Richard Dominion Bridge Company See Wrought Iron Bridge Company Dover Boiler Works Duerr, (H.O.) and Company Dum, Benjamin See Hocking Valley Bridge Company Duncan, T.J. Dundon Bridge and Construction Company Dunleith and Dubuque Bridge Company Dunn and Goar Dupuis, Augustus J. Durkee, E.E.

Decatur, Alabama Syracuse, New York Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Trenton, New Jersey Wilmington, Delaware

Phoenixville, Pennsylvania
Baltimore, Maryland
Denver, Colorado
Des Moines, Iowa
Des Moines, Iowa
Detroit, Michigan
Minneapolis, Minnesota
Cameron, Missouri
Keokuk, Iowa
Lowell, Massachusetts

Canton, Ohio Dover, New Jersey Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Lancaster, Ohio
Cedar Rapids, Iowa
San Francisco, California
Dubuque, Iowa
Frankfort, Indiana
Detroit, Michigan
Ashland, Wisconsin
Springfield, Massachusetts

E

Eastern Bridge and Structural Company
Edge Moor Iron Company
Eli Bridge Company
Elmira Bridge Company, Limited
Empire Bridge Company
Empire Construction Company
Enterprise Iron Works
Etna Construction Company
Eureka Bridge and Iron Company
Evens, Louis P.
Eyre, (John P.) and Company

Dwight and Hoyt

Worcester, Massachusetts
Wilmington, Delaware
Jacksonville, Illinois
Elmira, New York
New York, New York
New York, New York
Baltimore, Maryland
Columbus, Ohio
Chicago, Illinois
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

<u>F</u>

Fair-Williams Bridge and Manufacturing Co.
Farnsworth and Blodgett
Ferris, Kaufman and Company
Finley, David
Flynt Building and Construction Company
Fort Pitt Bridge Company
Frakman Brothers
Franklin Brothers
Frasier, William J.
Frees, Peter See King, Zenas

Ottumwa, Iowa
Kansas City, Missouri
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
San Francisco, California
Palmer, Massachusetts
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Minneapolis, Minnesota
Minneapolis, Minnesota
Detroit, Michigan
Cleveland, Ohio

Freygang and Trocon

Kansas City, Missouri

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Gagnier-Griffin Suspended Railway Company Gallagher, D.F. Garrett, Jno. T. Garrett-Ford Company Gates, James Geisel Construction Company Gibson, R.W. Gilbert and Smith Gillette-Herzog Manufacturing Company Gilmon, George H. Goodrich and Robson Gottlieb, (A.) and Company Graham, Charles Grand Rapids Bridge Company Grandville, John Grant, M.B. Gray, Willard A. Gregory, Bandon and Robinson Griffin, M.J. Groton (Iron) Bridge Company See Groton Bridge and Manufacturing Co. Groton Bridge and Manufacturing Company Grout, C.W. Gude and Walker Guilfoux and Blanc

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San Francisco, California
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Springfield, Massachusetts

Minneapolis, Minnesota Minneapolis, Minnesota Minneapolis, Minnesota Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania St. Joseph, Missouri

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Humboldt, Kansas
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Troy, New York

Chicago, Illinois Sullivan, Illinois Muncie, Indiana Indianapolis, Indiana Indianapolis, Indiana Indianapolis, Indiana

Leavenworth, Kansas

Iron City Bridge Company Iron Substructure Company Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Columbus, Ohi

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Minneapolis, Minnesota San Francisco, California Upper Sandusky, Ohio

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Lane Bridge and Iron Works
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Denver, Colorado
Newark, Ohio
New Bremen, Ohio
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Chicago, Illinois
Rochester, New York
Chicago, Illinois
Chicago, Illinois
Chicago, Illinois

Baltimore, Maryland Baltimore, Maryland San Francisco, California Toledo, Ohio Omaha, Nebraska

Rochester, New York
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Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
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Michigan Bridge and Construction Company

Mickle, B. Miller, A.C.

Miller, R.L.

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Milwankee Bridge and Iron Worka

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Chicago, Illinois Des Moines, Iowa New York, New York Mankato, Minnesota Marietta, Ohio Des Moines, Iowa Marshalltown, Iowa Sparrows Point, Maryland Frankfort, Kentucky Massillon, Ohio

Athens, Pennsylvania St. Joseph, Missouri Medford, Massachusetts Chicago, Illinois San Francisco, California Hartford, Connecticut Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania St. Paul, Minnesota Albany, New York Lima, Ohio Pittsburgh, Ohio Kansas City, Missouri

Dayton, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio San Francisco, California San Francisco, California Princeton. Illinois St. Paul, Minnesota

Cleveland, Ohio Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Portland, Michigan Detroit, Michigan Marion, Alabama Genoa, Minnesota St. Louis, Missouri

Cleveland, Ohio New York, New York Milwaukee, Wisconsin

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Milwaukee, Wisconsin Milwaukee, Wisconsin Minneapolis, Minnesota Minneapolis, Minnesota Leavenworth, Kansas New York, New York Chelsea, Massachusetts

Baltimore, Maryland Chicago, Illinois Woodburn, Oregon Chicago, Illinois

Dayton, Ohio

Dayton, Ohio Youngstown, Ohio Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Cincinnati, Ohio
New York, New York
Boston, Massachusetts
Logan, Ohio
Mount Vernon, Ohio
St. Louis, Missouri
Milton, Pennsylvania
Baltimore, Maryland

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National Bridge and Iron Works Nelson and Buchanan New Castle Bridge Company New Columbus Bridge Company New England Engineering Company New England Engineering Company New England Iron Company New England Structural Company New Jersey Dock and Bridge Building Company New Jersey Steel and Iron Company New York Bridge Company New York Iron Bridge Company Niagara Bridge Works North Western Construction Company Northwestern Iron Works Norton Iron Company Novelty Iron Works Novelty Iron Works See also Clinton Bridge Company Novelty Iron Works Nunning and Lubbering N.W. Bridge Company

Boston, Massachusetts Chambersburg, Pennsylvania New Castle, Indiana Columbus, Ohio Springfield, Massachusetts Fall River, Massachusetts Boston, Massachusetts East Everett, Massachusetts Elizabeth, New Jersey Trenton, New Jersey New York, New York New York, New York Buffalo, New York Wahpeton, North Dakota St. Louis, Missouri East Everett, Massachusetts Dubuque, Iowa Cleveland, Ohio Clinton, Iowa Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Cincinnati, Ohio Tacoma, Washington

0

O'Brien, Sheehan and McBean Ohio Bridge Company Ohio Bridge Company Ohio Falls Iron Works Ohio Machine Company Ontario Iron Bridge Company Oregonia Bridge Company Osman, (A.G.) and Company Oswego Bridge Company Overhoff, Frederick Owego Bridge Company

Pacific Bridge Company

New York, New York Cleveland, Ohio Toledo. Ohio New Albany, Illinois Middleport, Ohio Ontario, Wisconsin Oregonia, Ohio Duluth, Minnesota Oswego, New York Buffalo. New York Owego, New York

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Pacific Construction Company Pacific Rolling Mill Company Palmer, (S.B.) and Company Parker, Charles See National Bridge and Iron Works Parker, M.S. Parker, Thatcher A. Parkhurst Brothers and Company Parks, B.F. Fartridge, Reuben L. Passaic Rolling Mill Company Patapsco Bridge and Iron Works Patterson, M.J. Pencoyd Iron Works Penn Bridge Company Penn Bridge and Machine Works Pennsylvania Construction Company Pennsylvania Erecting Company Pennsylvania Steel Company Penobscot River Steam Boiler Works Peppard, O.E. Perham Brothers Perkins, (J.P.) and Son Perry, M.M. Phelps Manufacturing Company

Philadelphia Bridge Works Phillips, R.H. Phillipsburg Manufacturing Company Phoenix Bridge Company Phoenix Iron Company Phoenixville Bridge Works Piper and Shiffler Pittsburgh Architectural Iron Works Pittsburgh Bridge Company Pittsburgh Construction Company Pittsburgh Iron and Steel Engineering Company Pittsburgh Locomotive and Car Works

Plattsville Bridge Company

San Francisco, California San Francisco, California San Francisco, California Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania

Boston, Massachusetts Great Falls, Montana Terre Haute. Indiana Indianapolis, Indiana Cedar Rapids, Iowa Marysville, Ohio Paterson, New Jersey Baltimore, Maryland Denver, Colorado Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania New Brighton, Pennsylvania Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Steelton, Pennsylvania Bangor, Maine Missoula, Montana Butte, Montana Hoston, Massachusetts Williamsport, Pennsylvania San Francisco, California Philadelphia, Pennsylvania St. Louis, Missouri Phillipsburg, New Jersey Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Phoenixville, Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Chicago, Illinois Pittsborgh, Pennsylvania Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Plattsville, Pennsylvanie

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Post and McCord
Potomac Bridge Works
Pottstown Bridge Company
Pottsville Bridge Works

Pottsville Iron and Steel Company See Pottsville Bridge Works

Providence Architectural Iron and Metal Works Providence Pile Driving and Bridge Building Co.

Providence Pile Driving and I Pruyn and Lansing Pueblo Bridge Company Puget Sound Dredging Company

Quackenbush, John

Queen City Bridge and Steam Forging Company

Radcliffe, J.G.
Rapid Transit and Bridge Construction Company

Raymond, A.A.

Raymond and Campbell Reading Rolling Mill Company

Redfield, (R.) and Sons

Rezner, Stone and Company

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Roach, John

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Atlanta, Georgia

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Pottsville, Pennsylvania Clarendon, Vermont Providence, Rhode Island Providence, Rhode Island Albany, New York Pueblo, Colorado Seattle, Washington

Webster City, Iowa Cincinnati, Ohio

Waukon, Iowa Chicago, Illinois Omaha, Nebraska Council Bluffs, Iowa

Reading, Pennsylvania New Haven, Connecticut

Cleveland, Ohio New York, New York San Francisco, California

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

New York, New York

New York, New York

New York, New York New York, New York Houston, Texas Minneapolis, Minnesota

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
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Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Paterson, New Jersey
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Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Chicago, Illinois

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Rogers Iron Company
Roller, (W.H.) and Company
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Rust and Alden
Rust and Coolidge

Sioux City, Iowa Rochester, Indiana

Montour Falls, New York
Rochester, New York
Trenton, New Jersey
Springfield, Ohio
North English, Iowa
Frankfort, Indiana
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Chicago, Illinois
Chicago, Illinois

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Shepard's, (W.H.) Sons Bridge Company

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Shipman, James W.

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St. Paul, Minnesota
Portland, Oregon
San Francisco, California

San Francisco, California Fort Madison, Iowa

Los Angeles, California Columbus, Ohio Columbus, Ohio

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

St. Louis, Missouri Chicago, Illinois Cincinnati, Ohio

McKees Rocks, Pennsylvania McKees Rocks, Pennsylvania Phoenizville, Pennsylvania Pottstown, Pennsylvania Seattle, Washington St. Louis, Missouri Oskaloosa, Iowa Oskaloosa, Iowa Chicago, Illinois Richmond, Kentucky Jersey City, New Jersey Des Moines, Iowa Havana, New York St. Paul, Minnesota St. Paul, Minnesota Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Appendix D Van Hornesville, New York Pottstown, Pennsylvania

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Structural Iron Company

Stupp Brothers Bridge and Iron Company

Sykes, (L.) and Son

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Baltimore, Maryland Cambridge, Massachusetts Springfield, Massachusetts Lincoln, Nebraska Tippicanoe City, Ohio Toledo, Ohio Toledo, Ohio San Francisco, California Baltimore, Maryland St. Paul, Minnesota Birmingham, Alabama Bouston, Texas Birmingham, Alabama Fort Worth, Texas Springfield, Illinois Springfield, Massachusetts Springfield, Massachusetts New York, New York Cincinnati, Ohio Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Des Moines, Iowa Bellaire. Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Minneapolis, Minnesota Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Tacoma, Washington New York, New York Cleveland, Ohio

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Terre Haute, Indiana
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San Francisco, California
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Albany, New York
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Richmond, Virginia
Trenton, New Jersey
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Grand Forks, North Dakota
Chicago, Illinois

New York, New York
Passaic, New Jersey
St. Paul, Minnesota
Los Angeles, California

Clinton, Iowa Chicago, Illinois Urbana, Ohio

Cleveland, Ohio
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Minneapolis, Minnesota
Seattle, Washington
Cleveland, Ohio
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Roanoke, Virginia
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Wabash, Indiana Waco, Teras

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Portland, Oregon
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Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Chicago, Illinois
Charlestown, West Virginia
Hamilton, Ohio
Hamilton, Ohio
Jersey City, New Jersey
Audubon, Iowa
Germantown, Pennsylvania
Cedar Rapids, Iowa

New York, New York New Haven, Connecticut Birmingham, Alabama Paterson, New Jersey Milwaukee, Wisconsin Chicago, Illinois Warsaw, Indiana Wheeling, West Virginia Charlestown, West Virginia San Francisco, California Chicago, Illinois Fort Wayne, Indiana Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Painted Post, New York Chicago, Illinois Albany, New York Albany, New York

Hudson, New York New York, New York New York, New York Atlanta, Georgia

Atlanta, Georgia

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20	William P. Smith, The Book of the Great Railway Celebrations of 1857, Baltimore, 1858
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46	'Iron Bridges and their Construction', in <u>Lippincott's Magazine of Popular Literature and Science</u> , January 1873, p. 9 (<u>Lippincotts</u>)
47	Lippincott's, p. 17
48	American Society of Civil Engineers Transactions, January 1894 (ASCE
49	The Railroad Record, 1859
51	ASCE, 1893
52	Charles Evan Fowler, 'Some American Bridge Shop Methods', in Cassier's Magazine, Vol. 17 (November 1899-April 1900), p. 202
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- No. 1. THE RIDEAU WATERWAY, by William D. Naftel. April 1973. 12 pp., illus. [out of print; Xerox copy \$2.00]
- No. 2. THE BURDEN WATER-WHEEL, by F. R. I. Sweeny. Reprint of a 1915 article, with annotations. April 1973. 12 pp., illus. [out of print; Xerox copy \$2.00]
- No. 3. SYMPOSIUM-INDUSTRIAL ARCHEOLOGY AND THE HUMAN SCIENCES, Dianne Newell, editor. April 1978. 21 pp., illus. \$1.00
- No. 4. A DIRECTORY OF AMERICAN BRIDGE-BUILDING COMPANIES 1840-1900, by Victor C. Darnell. August 1984. 120 pp., illus. \$7.00

